

PERSONAL NOTES

Arrivals and Departures of Residents and Visitors

IN THE SOCIAL WORLD

The Column Everybody Reads—Chat About Your Friends and Neighbors—Here and There.

Mrs. E. M. Pennell returned home Sunday after visiting in Altoona. Paul T. Wohlson, of Allentown, Pa., is visiting his sister, Mrs. J. Albert Eyer.

Attorney George Points attended the funeral of Mrs. Martha W. Blymyer at Somerset on Sunday. W. W. Bowser, of Pittsburgh, spent the week-end visiting relatives and friends in Bedford.

Rev. David Lockart, of Altoona, will preach Sunday at Trinity Reformed church, Dry Ridge. Fred Billman, of Chambersburg, spent the week-end at his home here.

Miss Miriam McLaughlin returned home on Sunday from an eleven days visit with her sister, at Washington. Francis and James Straub, of Cumberland, were visiting at the home of relatives here.

Charles Smith is spending a few days visiting relatives in Buffalo Mills.

Mr. Harold Weisel, of Pittsburgh, is visiting his mother, Mrs. A. A. Weisel, of East Penn street.

John C. Shoemaker, of Lutzville, transacted business in Bedford last Saturday.

Miss Blanche Snyder, of Cumberland, visited the editor's family on Tuesday and Wednesday.

William McKinley, wife and baby, of Cumberland, visited at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry McKinley, recently.

Miss Janet Kay, who has been visiting her friend, Miss Sara Long, of Juliana Heights, returned to her home in Everett on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Garbrick and two daughters, Catherine and Wilona, are visiting relatives in Hughesville, Pa.

Miss Ida Underwood, of New Brunswick, N. J., is visiting at the home of her aunts, Miss Eliza and Mrs. Griest.

Mrs. Jonathan Donahoe and Miss Neal Triplett, of Washington, D. C., are visiting friends and relatives in Bedford.

Mrs. Josephine E. Nycum, of Clearville, was a guest recently at the home of Mrs. S. J. Mattingly of North Richmond street.

Miss Helen Billman has returned to her home at this place after attending Normal school at Shippensburg for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reed, of Chalybeate, have as their guests Mrs. William Jarvis and daughter, Margaret, of New York City.

Miss Effie Metzger has returned to her home here after a six weeks course at Shippensburg Normal school.

Bishop McCort, of Altoona, confirmed a large class of boys and girls at St. Thomas' Catholic church on Sunday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Brant, sons Robert and Jordan, and William Brant of Buffalo Mills were Bedford visitors on last Saturday.

Harold Corle, of Hampton Roads, Va., is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Corle, at this place. Harold took the honors in his class this spring.

Mr. M. I. Bennett, of Clearville Route 2, and Mrs. Job Struckman, of Robinsonville, were transacting business in Bedford on Wednesday.

Mrs. Emma Negley, daughter Vera, son Ross and nephew Norman, of Altoona, motored to Bedford on Sunday and were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Will.

Misses Mary Fisher and Margaret Will, of Bedford, and Margaret Lilly, of near Bedford, spent from Friday until Sunday in Bean's Cove where they visited friends.

Licenses to wed were granted in Cumberland the past week to Irwin R. Beam, of St. Clairsville and Ruth Blattenberger, of Osterburg, William Meakle and Mary S. Haller, both of Everett, and John C. Metzger, of Schellburg, and Janet F. Smucker of Toms Brook, Va.

Dr. George W. McCoy, director of the Hygienic Laboratory of the U. S. Public Health Service, with his family, of Washington, D. C. is visiting his mother, Mrs. Lavanda. The doctor's wife was formerly Miss Edith Miller, of Hyndman, one of Bedford County's successful teachers.

RICH STRIKE IN OIL
MADE IN PENNSYLVANIA

Waynesburg, Pa., Aug. 21.—What is said by oil men to be the richest strike of the year in this community was made late yesterday on the John Hampson farm, Jackson township, Greene county. Last night the well was made late yesterday on the John 75 barrels an hour.

BUSH MEETING
The members of the A. M. Zion church of Bedford will hold a bush meeting in Troutman's Grove on Sunday, August 29, Preaching all day. Good song service.

ST. JOHN'S REFORMED CHURCH.
Rev. J. Albert Eyer, Pastor
Sunday School 9:45 A. M. Divine Worship 11 A. M. You are cordially invited to worship with us.

Jacob Hoover

Jacob Hoover, aged 92, for more than 60 years a resident of Johnstown passed away Friday morning of general debility at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Margaret Edwards. He was found dead by his son George Hoover when he was about to start for work between 6 and 7 o'clock. Mr. Hoover was able to be about the house Thursday and retired without complaining of being ill. One of the members of the family visited his bedroom at 2 o'clock Friday morning to administer medicine.

Jacob Hoover was born in this county on Feb. 22, 1829 and went to Johnstown to live in the early 50's. He and Miss Cornelia Goudy were married in that city by the Rev. James L. Deens. Mrs. Hoover died in 1881. Mr. Hoover is survived by the following children: William Hoover, New Castle; George Hoover, Johnstown; John Hoover, Indianapolis, Ind.; Mrs. Margaret Edwards, Johnstown; Mrs. William S. Davis and Miss Katherine Hoover, Brad-dock.

Mrs. Sarah A. Steele

Mrs. Sarah A. Steele, a lifelong resident of this county, died at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon at the home of her daughter, Mrs. D. W. Burket, of Juniata, from hemorrhage of the brain, after an illness of three years, brought on by a slight stroke. She was the daughter of Abram and Hannah Shelly and was born Nov. 8, 1837 at Loysburg. She was married to Milton Woodcock, who died Feb. 10, 1875. To this union three children were born, all of whom survive as follows: Mrs. Catherine Mock of Altoona, Mrs. Jennie V. Burket, of Juniata, and John W. Woodcock of Altoona. She was reunited in marriage to Isaac Steele, who preceded his wife in death a number of years ago. She was a devoted member of the Brethren church at Loysburg and was a kind and loving woman, and had a large circle of friends who mourn her death. The funeral was held Sunday morning, the cortege leaving the daughter's home in Juniata at 8 o'clock, going to Loysburg, where services were held in the Brethren church at 10:30 o'clock.

Charlotte Struckman Waters

After a lingering illness, borne with much patience and fortitude, Mrs. Charlotte Struckman Waters died at her home in Main's Choice on Saturday, August 20th, at the age of 63 years, 4 months and 18 days. She is survived by her husband George Waters, by a daughter Mrs. Orpha Costello at home, by a son, Charles Waters, ticket agent for the Penna. R. R. at Bedford; and by four sisters, two brothers and three grandchildren. Her funeral was Tuesday, August 23rd, from Grace Reformed Church, Main's Choice, of which church she had been a faithful member all her life, and was in charge of her pastor, Rev. A. H. K. Hoshauer, assisted by Rev. J. Albert Eyer, of Bedford. Interment was made in the beautiful cemetery at Kinton's bridge. Mrs. Waters was a good Christian woman, a loving and indulgent mother and a kind neighbor. Her passing leaves a vacant place in many hearts.

Annie C. Mowry

The many friends of Annie C. Mowry were shocked to hear of her death on Wednesday evening, August 17, although her condition was such that death might ensue at any time. For several months previous to her death she suffered severely with heart disease, yet was able to be about among her friends until several days before she died. She was the daughter of Jacob and Maria Mowry and was born Nov. 21, 1856 near New Buena Vista. At the time of her death she was aged 64 years, 9 months and 26 days. She is survived by two brothers, John P. Mowry and Jacob H. Mowry, both of New Buena Vista, and three sisters, Mrs. Marie Corley of Dry Ridge, Mrs. Amanda Carver, of Berlin, and Mrs. Elmina Gillen, of West End. She was a faithful member of the Reformed church, always being in her accustomed place until sickness prevented. She will be greatly missed by church and neighbors, as she was always ready with a willing hand to assist anyone in sickness, need or trouble. The funeral services were held at the Reformed church at New Buena Vista on Saturday morning, her pastor, Rev. G. E. Metzger, officiating. Interment was made in the cemetery near Schellburg. "Rest in Peace."

Miss Ida Slack

Miss Ida Slack died at her home on Vine Street, Schellburg, Friday night, August 19, aged 20 years and 1 week. She has had poor health for several years, but was able to teach school last winter and was pretty well until about 9 or 10 weeks ago, when she became worse and continued getting weaker all along. She was of a jovial and kind disposition and will be greatly missed in her home and by the young folks of her age. She leaves to mourn her early death her father, Charles Slack, one sister, six brothers and a host of friends. Her remains were laid to rest Sunday afternoon in the Chestnut Ridge cemetery by the side of her mother, who preceded her a few years ago. The funeral services were held in the Reformed church, of which she was a member, and were conducted by her pastor, Rev. George Metzger. The family have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

BEDFORD DEFEATS SCHELLSBURG NINE

The local team defeated the team from Schellburg in a fast game at Northside Park on Tuesday evening. The official score was as follows:

BEDFORD	A. B. R. H. O. A. E.
Allen ss	4 1 2 3 4 0
F. Smith 2	4 1 1 1 8 0
Diehl p	4 1 1 0 4 0
Cook 3	3 1 1 0 4 0
Kues c	3 0 0 5 0 0
H. Smith 1	4 0 0 13 0 0
Fisher rf	3 1 1 0 0 0
Hershberger rf	1 0 0 0 0 0
Leasure lf	2 0 1 0 0 0
Total	28 5 8 27 20 0

SCHHELLSBURG
J. Colvin c 4 0 0 8 1 0
Snyder rf 3 1 1 0 0 0
Culp lf 4 1 1 0 1 1
Taylor 1 4 0 1 13 1 0
W. Colvin ss 4 0 0 0 1 0
Otto mf 4 1 1 0 0 0
Crissman 3 4 0 2 2 1 0
Sliek 2 4 0 1 1 1 1
Ellenberger p 3 0 1 0 1 1
Total 34 3 8 24 10 2

Schellburg 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0—3
Bedford 4 0 1 0 0 0 0—5
Earned Runs—Bedford 5; Schellburg 1; Two-Base Hits—Crissman; First on Balls—Off Diehl 1; Ellenberger 2; Struck Out—By Diehl 5; Ellenberger 9; Left on Bases—Bedford 6; Schellburg 5; Double Plays—F. Smith to Allen to H. Smith; Diehl to Allen to H. Smith; First Base on Errors—Bedford 2. Time of Game 2:20. Umpires, Rock, Wiloughby.

FISHERMEN HAVE BIG TIME AT DRAINING OF KEAGY DAM

The drawing off of the Keagy mill dam near Waterside, which was to have occurred about two weeks ago but was prevented by state police and game wardens because the owner could not produce a state permit took place last Friday. A crowd estimated at more than 1,000 witnessed the big event. Practically every part of Blair and Bedford counties was represented.

The draining of the dam was carried out under the supervision of a half dozen game wardens, with the aid of two state police, did their best in seeing that the conditions specified in the permit were complied with. The permit issued to the owner, Urbana E. Replogle, stated that only carp were to be removed from the dam.

The draining of the dam began about 6 o'clock Friday morning and about 1 o'clock in the afternoon the water was low enough to permit fishing. Prior to the taking out of the fish, Mr. Replogle sold 185 shares at \$1 each, each purchaser to receive an equal number of the carp taken from the dam. The catch was not as large as was expected, only 535 carp being divided between the 185 who bought a share. It is believed that twice that number were taken out but not turned over for division.

The breast of the big mill dam has been leaking for weeks and, in order to repair it, it was necessary to drain the dam. Repairs were started at once and will continue until the improvements are finished. The dam will probably be empty except for a channel and during the time required for repair will be guarded by state police day and night so that the fish will be protected in every way.

POMONA GRANGE MEETING

The next regular session of Pomona Grange will be held in the Odd Fellows Lodge room in Everett on Thursday, September 1. The morning session will be called to order at 10 o'clock and will be devoted chiefly to business. At the afternoon session some of the interesting problems under discussion will be: The Grange as a Medium of Sentiment on the Limitation of Armament Conference, John McElwee, E. E. Blackburn, J. C. Roberts, Mrs. Clayton Smith, Mrs. Charles Kootz and W. F. Biddle; What Plan Would You Suggest to Secure a Better Milk Market? John Longenecker, Howard Cessna, E. E. Brown and F. H. O'Neal. Should the U. S. Government Redeem its War Aims and Recognize the New Republic, A. C. Richards, ohn H. Smith, W. Ross Nicodemus and S. U. Troutman; and Reconstruction Work for women, Mrs. J. C. Roberts, Mrs. Walter Schull, Mrs. E. O. Hyde and Mrs. S. E. Lee. Besides these discussions there will be a recitation by Mrs. Sherman Hoover and music.

Music will be one feature of the evening's program. There will also be an address by Hon. Fred Breckman, Secretary State Grange, and the conferring of the Fifth Degree.

FREIGHT TRAIN DERAILED

Two cars of extra 1701, going south, were wrecked at Younts station about eleven o'clock Friday morning, the cars being upset following derailment. Blocking the main track and badly damaging it. The track was not cleared until late in the evening, and both passenger and freight trains were delayed for some time.

M. E. CHURCH

J. V. Royer, Pastor
Sunday School 9:45
Preaching 11:00
Evening Service 7:30
Prayer Meeting Wednesday 7:30

REPORT OF BEDFORD COUNTY REUNION

The sixth annual reunion of the Bedford County Association of Pa., was held at Navarre Park, Toledo, Ohio, on Sunday, August 14th, with approximately 290 in attendance. After an interesting talk given by the President, Mr. Frank Mortimore, of Toledo, the following officers were elected for the coming year:—President, Mr. Chas. Allison, Fremont, Ohio; Vice President, Mr. C. Shull, Bowling Green, Ohio; Secretary, Miss Hattie Clark, Toledo, Ohio; Treasurer, Mr. Lloyd S. Clark, Toledo, Ohio.

After the business meeting, everyone enjoyed a good chat and took great interest in the contests. Before the members departed for their homes, they were served ice cream and punch.

The Association wished to invite any Bedford County people to attend the next reunion held at Navarre Park, Toledo, Ohio, the first Sunday in August 1922.

The following families were represented: Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Smith, D. F. Mortimore, J. W. Gowden, H. W. Growden, J. M. Shaffer, Harry E. Carn, Clayton Wright, A. V. Blackburn, J. W. Nigh, W. R. Smith, F. J. Hockanadel, F. A. Ake, Lloyd Clark, A. M. Ake, W. O. Titus, A. Johnson, H. W. Edwards, Emory Goodsite, F. A. Herman, James Mock, Arthur Schmidt; Mrs. W. J. Neithamer, A. Hockanadel, Hattie Hartsell, Miss Ellen Beck and Mr. J. Wilson Weicht, Clarence Wright, S. E. Oster, L. W. Garn, H. Baum, E. B. Mortimore, August E. Kunk, Roy Mock of Toledo. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Whysong, E. H. Bradley, Jerome Whysong, James A. Huffard, Charles Allison and Mr. C. H. Garn, of Fremont. Mr. and Mrs. Garn, J. W. Shull, Guy Beatty, E. F. Bergman, C. A. Lindsey, Mrs. C. F. Shaufelt and Mr. J. A. Wertz, Joseph Shull and Harry Yarnard of Helena, Mrs. Annie R. Bowser, Dr. Peter E. Kern, of Gibsonburg, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Wheatstone, of Findlay; Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Shaffer, of Lakewood; Mr. and Mrs. Upton Corl, of Temperance, Mich.; Miss Ida and Rea Garn, Elmore, Mr. and Mrs. Biddle of Pemberville, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Shull, of Erie, Kansas; Mr. and Mrs. T. Claar, Mrs. E. R. Havens of Burgoon; Mr. and Mrs. S. Blaine Allison, Mrs. Cora Ott, Mr. W. Lloyd Corl, of Lambertsville, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Stiffler, and Mr. and Mrs. Kniermier, of Elliston, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Mosier, of Amstern, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Claycomb, of Millersville, Mr. Ervin Miller, Jim Schutzer, of Tiffin; Mr. and Mrs. Albert Stiffler and Mr. and Mrs. John Stiffler, of Rocky Ridge; Mr. C. Shull of Bowling Green.

DEIHL REUNION

The annual reunion of the Diehl family was held on August 20 and the following interesting program rendered:

Band music	P. O. S. of A.
Devotional Exercises	Rev. R. R. Jones
Vocal music	Rev. J. Albert Eyer
Address	Rev. David Dittmer
Vocal music	Reta Diehl
Address	Adam F. Diehl, Secretary
Diehl song	
Solo	
Address	
Band music	
Address	Rev. Vonkaske, of Ellerslie
Vocal music	
Report of Secretary of record of deaths and births	
Memorial address	Rev. R. R. Jones

JULY REPORT OF COW TESTING ASSOCIATION

The July report for the first Bedford County Cow Testing Association shows a decrease in number of cows producing sufficient butter fat or milk to be placed on the honor roll. This is accounted for by the Tetser who says the low price of milk has caused dairymen in the Association to feed very little, if any, grain in addition to the pasture. Twenty-seven herds were tested including 262 cows. One separator was tested for its efficiency. Five cows produced over 40 lbs. of fat and one cow produced over 50 lbs. of fat. Five cows produced over 1000 lbs. of milk during the month. One cow of this number producing over 1200 lbs. during the month. One cow of this number producing over 1200 lbs of milk. An unusual high butter fat cow is owned by Raymond Reasy, whose production for the month is 33 lbs. The honor roll is as follows:

Name	Milk	Pounds	Fat	Pounds
H. B. Hull	1101	33.0		
Cyrus Ferry	1141	44.5		
Howard Hershberger	991	49.5		
Raymond Reasy	969	42.5		
Raymond Reasy	1220	33.0		
Raymond Reasy	1022	38.8		
Albert B. Replogle	1000	37.0		
A. T. Replogle	982	46.1		

WANT VICE PRESIDENT TO SUBSTITUTE FOR CHIEF.

Bill Would Make Him Assume Duties When President Is Away Over Fourteen Hours.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The vice President would take over all duties of the President when the latter is away from Washington for more than fourteen hours under a bill introduced today by Representative Kissel (Rep., N. Y.). In the event of both the President and Vice President were out of town, the Speaker of the House would assume powers of the President.

The bill would make it unlawful for the President at any time to absent himself from the territorial jurisdiction of the United States. That is good. Harding has been absent so much since he assumed office that we begin to want somebody in the president's place to attend to business.

GUN VS. THE MAN

A great deal is said about "the man behind the gun," but some of the Republicans in congress seem willing to appropriate more for the purchase of guns than for the ex-soldiers who stand behind them.

REPUBLICAN RING SELECTS CANDIDATES

The Republican ring of the Brice-Jordan-James faction slated their candidates for the Borough offices Tuesday night, the last night to file petitions and the last hour because they left it until ten or eleven or twelve o'clock at night so that they could see that nobody else would offer. They filed petitions for J. Frank Russell and L. D. Blackwelder for School Director; W. A. King, Harold S. Smith and Joseph Allen for Councilmen; Harry Cromwell, of West Ward, and Elmor Reighard, of East Ward, for Assistant Assessors; and John Banner for Tax Collector. Of course the Tax Collector was filed individually by C. D. Brode, John F. Ellis and S. C. Ritchey. For Burgess, the gang has filed the name of S. Russell Longenecker. F. E. Naus has filed a petition for Justice of the Peace. We could not find any petitions for assessor on the Republican ticket and are unable to know just how James and Brice and Jordan expect to manipulate that office, but they have something up their sleeves to hoodwink the common people. This is one of the worst boss-ridden ticket ever put before the voters of Bedford. None of the rank and file were consulted. Brice and James and Jordan having done it all. They didn't even have a public meeting, but the Electric Light office was extremely busy Tuesday night from supper on until twelve o'clock in East Ward, Richard Willoughby has filed a petition for inspector and William Gephart in West Ward. Charles Stern for Judge in East Ward, and M. A. Stoner in West Ward.

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Vocal music	Rev. J. Albert Eyer
Address	Rev. David Dittmer
Vocal music	Reta Diehl
Address	Adam F. Diehl, Secretary
Diehl song	
Solo	
Address	
Band music	
Address	Rev. Vonkaske, of Ellerslie
Vocal music	
Report of Secretary of record of deaths and births	
Memorial address	Rev. R. R. Jones

DEEDS RECORDED

Lillie McIntyre to S. S. Blair, lot in Broad Top Twp., \$1000.
Grace Leonard to David Hendershot, parcel in Londonderry Twp., \$25.00.
David Hendershot to George K. Paige, 1573 acres in Londonderry Twp., \$10.00.
Rufus Troutman to John H. Horton, lots in Liberty Twp., \$1200.
David W. Brallier to John S. Best, 4 tracts in Hopewell Twp., \$500.
Gilbert Thomas to Alexander Foreman, lot in Broad Top Twp., \$200.00.
Mary Blackburn to William S. Suter, 5 1/2 acres in Napier Twp., \$600.
William S. Suter to William H. Miller, 5 1/2 acres in Napier Twp., \$800.
Silas Miller to Jonas Sparks, 9 acres, 120 perches in Mann Twp., \$100.
Caroline Sparks to Silas Miller, 14 acres, 933 1/2 perches in Mann Twp., \$100.
George B. Lutz to Blaine F. Lutz, lots in Snake Spring Twp., \$300.
James A. Horton to Stewart Eichelberger, lots in Broad Top Twp., \$100.
S. E. Clawson to Trustees Raytown Brethren church of Liberty Township, lot in Liberty Twp., \$50.
Mary A. Baker to Berger Baker, 13 acres, 71 perches, 130 perches in South Woodbury Twp., \$2000.
J. M. Fink, Trustee, to Charles T. Megee, tract in Liberty Twp., \$12,000.

REUNION

A reunion was held in honor of Mrs. John R. Diehl, the only surviving member of the John E. Miller family by her nieces and nephews at her home near Rainburg on Saturday, August 20. The members of the family came loaded down with baskets full of good things to eat, and when everything was placed on the long table decorated with daisies and ferns, everyone ate until they could eat no more. The gathering was a great success and everyone is hoping that another one will be held soon. Space does not permit us to give the names of the many guests.

SENATORS RESENT HARDINGS SPEECH

Long Debate Follows Criticism of President's Appearance on Bonus Bill

LODGE CITES PRECEDENTS.

Borah Claims There Was Nothing Like It Before Wilson

Washington, Aug. 22.—President Harding's appearance before the Senate last month in opposition to passage of the Soldiers' Bonus Bill started a storm of debate in the Senate tonight during which his course was criticized and defended. The discussion was started by Senator La Follette, who referred to the resolution introduced in the House yesterday by Representative Cockran, criticizing the President for addressing one branch of Congress on pending legislation.

Senator Lodge, the Republican leader, called attention to the "Peace without victory" speech of former President Wilson to the Senate, prior to American entrance into the war and his address on the suffrage amendment later.

It would be a sad day, the Massachusetts Senator said, for the Republic when any one of the three branches of the Government could not confer with another.

Declaring it was not necessary "either to criticize or eulogize Mr. Harding," Senator Borah said on the question of the bonus, "we surrendered our judgment to his dictation." It the President wanted a precedent there were plenty, he declared, adding that this did not change the situation.

Mr. La Follette assailed the President for what he described as Executive interference with the legislative branch of the Government. He asserted that the President was brought into the debate to prevent passage of the bill and that his action was without authority under the Constitution.

Mr. Borah explained he was in full accord with the President on the bonus question, but his criticism was aimed at the appearance of a President whether Mr. Wilson or Mr. Harding.

"I am unable to find anything like it prior to the Wilson Administration," he said. "I know of no more pitiable spectacle presented to the people than that of the Senate in throwing down the Bonus Bill after it had been reported and the President had come here to oppose it. It was because he came here that we surrendered our judgment to his dictation."

Senator New suggested the President's speech had given Senators courage to change their position and Mr. Knox said he took credit to himself when his views were changed by the superior argument of another. Senator Stanley chided the Republicans for "the squabble" and added:

"You on that side are to be congratulated. There was a time when you could not say too much or too ill about President Wilson. Now you make him the standard by which to judge the present occupant of the White House."

KILLED BY FREIGHT TRAIN

In attempting to board a passing freight train with a party of friends at Shelbyville, Illinois, Ellis Croyle fell under one of the cars and was killed, his body being badly mutilated. Young Croyle's home is at Pleasant Valley, but he left there last fall with his aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Charley Croyle, first going to Florida, from which place he traveled north until he reached Shelbyville. Just previous to his death he wrote home to his parents, telling them that he was coming home but the letter did not reach them until after his death. His body arrived here on Monday morning and the funeral services were held at once in St. James Lutheran church, Pleasant Valley, of which the young man was a member. Rev. J. A. Brosius officiated at the ceremony. Interment was made in the cemetery adjoining the church.

Ellis Croyle was an only son of John and Georgia Croyle of Pleasant Valley and was aged 23 years and 2 months. He is survived by his parents and five sisters: Viola, of Bedford, Lena, at home, Vera, wife of Adam Banner, of Chalybeate, Hettie and Margaret, at home.

GREATEST PHOSPHATE BED FOUND IN IDAHO

A deposit of rock phosphate several times as large as all other deposits in the world put together has recently been discovered in Idaho. Phosphate is the great fertilizer for soil, without which agriculture would perish.

Phosphate rock of this sort used to sell before the war from \$4 to \$5 a ton. Experts of the United States Geological Survey and the State of Idaho estimate that there are in this one deposit fully one hundred billion tons. The field is about 500 miles long, 300 miles wide, and is situated in the eastern counties of Idaho, the western counties of Wyoming and extends into Montana on the north and Utah on the south.



A pipe's a pal packed with P. A.!

Seven days out of every week you'll get real smoke joy and real smoke contentment—if you'll get close-up to a jimmy pipe! Buy one and know that for yourself! Packed with cool, delightful, fragrant Prince Albert, a pipe's the greatest treat, the happiest and most appetizing smokeslant you ever had handed out!

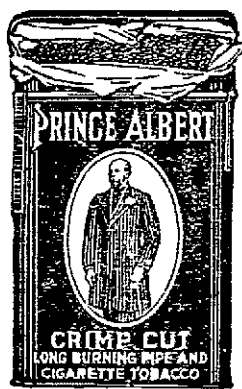
You can chum it with a pipe—and you will—once you know that Prince Albert is free from bite and parch! (Cut out by our exclusive patented process!) Why—every puff of P. A. makes you want two more; every puff hits the bullseye harder and truer than the last! You can't resist such delight!

And, you'll get the smokesurprise of your life when you roll up a cigarette with Prince Albert! Such enticing flavor you never did know! And, P. A. stays put because it's crimp cut—and it's a cinch to roll! You try it!

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

Prince Albert is sold in tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tins humidors and in the humidors with sponge moistener top.



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Register's Notices

The following Administrators' Executors' and Guardians' Accounts have been filed in the Register's Office for confirmation in the Orphans' Court of Bedford County on Monday, September 5th, 1921.

1. The Account of Harry Suter, Harry Hillegass and Samuel W. Bittner, Administrators of the Estate of David H. Fair, late of Juniata Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

2. The Second and Final Account of Bertha R. Ickes, Administratrix of the Estate of William S. Ickes, late of East St. Clair Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

3. The First and Final Account of Frank C. McGirr, Esq., Executor of the last Will and Testament of Cora McGirr, late of Bedford Borough, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

4. The First and Final Account of Harvey Longenecker administrator of the Estate of Jacob S. Longenecker late of South Woodbury Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

5. The Account of C. V. Rice, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Rosanna Rice, late of South Woodbury Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

6. The First and Final Account of Jeremiah G. Feathers, Administrator of the Estate of Benjamin F. Feathers late of Kimmel Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

7. The First and Final Account of William T. Steele, Administrator of the Estate of Levi Steele, late of Liberty Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

8. The First and Final Account of George A. Hoagland, Administrator and Trustee to sell the Real Estate of Smith Hoagland, late of the Township and County of Bedford and State of Pennsylvania, deceased.

9. The First and Final Account of G. B. Allison, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Armstrong Miller, late of Pleasantville Borough, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

10. The First and Final Account of George M. Bennett, Executor of the last Will and Testament of David Bowman, late of Mann Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

11. The First and Final Account of Benton Holiday Hite, Administrator of the Estate of Lewis Hite, late of the Township of Cumberland Valley, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

12. The First and Final Account of Vergie M. Kleindienst, Administratrix of the Estate of Mary A. McCallion, late of Bedford Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

13. The First and Final Account of E. Howard Blackburn, Executor of the last Will and Testament of George Bush, late of Bedford Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

14. The Account of E. M. Pennell, Esq., Administrator of the Estate of Mary Frances Young, late of the Borough of Bedford, County of Bedford and State of Pennsylvania, deceased.

15. The First and Final Account of George Points, Trustee to sell the Real Estate of Samuel Carney, late of the City of Sutton, in the County of Clay, State of Nebraska, deceased.

16. The First and Final Account of M. Rose Wilson, Administratrix of the Estate of H. B. Wilson, late of the Borough of Everett, County of Bedford, State of Pennsylvania, deceased.

17. The First and Final Account of M. H. Kramer, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Jacob Mench, late of the Township of West Providence, County of Bedford, Pennsylvania, deceased.

18. The First and Final Account of Robert C. Smith, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Margery Cleaver, late of East St. Clair Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

19. The First and Final Account of Nancy Ebersole and John I. Ebersole, Administrators of the Estate of George B. Ebersole, late of Woodbury Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

20. The First and Final Account of Araminta Randle, Administratrix of the Estate of William Cathers, late of Kimmel Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

21. The First and Final Account of Simon H. Sell, Administrator of the Estate of Sarah Rush, late of Everett Borough, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

22. The First and Final Account of Harry Watkins and Blair Knisely, Executors of the last Will and Testament of John A. Watkins, late of Pleasantville Borough, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

23. The First and Final Account of A. M. Karns, Administrator and Trustee to sell the Real Estate of Wilson D. Karns, late of Everett Borough, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

24. The First and Final Account of J. Harry Colvin, Administrator of the Estate of Emma Mowry, late of Juniata Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

W. B. Mock, Register.

Aug 12—19—26 Sept 2

ACCOUNTS IN COMMON PLEAS.

The following accounts have been filed in the Prothonotary's office of Bedford County and will be presented to the Court for confirmation and allowance on Monday the fifth day of September next.

1. The account of E. M. Painter, Guardian of the estate of Andrew J. Christopher, a feeble minded person.

2. The account of Simon H. Sell, Esq., Guardian of Sarah Rush, of Everett Borough, a lunatic.

Aug 12—19—26 *



PERVERSITY OF THINGS

"IT BEATS all how fate puts a crimp in a man's fondest ambitions," said the retired merchant. "Recently I have been hungering for an old-fashioned boiled dinner, composed of corn beef and all the standard vegetables."



I mentioned the matter several times, and my wife said she would give me the hired girl a holiday and get me up a boiled dinner, such as we used to have in the halcyon days. The banquet was scheduled for yesterday, and I looked forward to it like a hungry wolf. I couldn't think of anything else for three days.

And when the meal was dished up I had an attack of jumping toothache, and was jumping over the chairs with my head under my arm.

"That's always the way in this world, doggone it," commented the hotel keeper. "Just as sure as you look forward to something you're going to run up against a disappointment that will break your heart."

"Last week I had so much business I was on my feet day and night. I didn't get any sleep to speak of for several nights, and my eyes felt like hard-boiled eggs. I was just dead on my feet I was so played out. I looked forward to the time when I could saw off a few lengths of slumber just as you looked forward to that boiled foder."

"At last things slackened up and I went up to my room at seven o'clock in the evening, prepared to sleep round the clock, or as much longer as I felt necessary. I was so drowsy I could hardly see to get my rags off, and I heaved a sigh of relief when I crawled in between the sheets. But before I had been there three minutes old Jiggleson came along with his brass band and began playing selections under my window. The congressman from this district was occupying the room next to mine, and those loosed musicians were serenading him, probably hoping to be appointed postmaster before long. They played every blamed tune you ever heard of, and I had to leave my own room and go to one at the back of the hotel."

"That room hadn't been used for a long time, and things weren't in good repair. I climbed into the bed and was snoring a few quotations from the classics, when all the slats came down at once and I landed on the floor on my ear with my feet up on the foot of the bed. I thought my back was broken in three places, but I managed to get up, and then I hiked back to my own room. I had left the window open when I yelled at Jiggleson and threw some furniture at his musicians, and I was so sleepy I forgot to close it."

"The bed was right up against the window, and I was just getting asleep once more when it began to rain. About forty gallons of water blew in on me before I could get the doggone window closed. I had to rustle around for a dry night shirt and some sheets and things, and by that time I was pretty near desperate. I don't know of anything more aggravating than to be dying for a good old-fashioned sleep and then be unable to make connections."

"At last I got into bed again, all snug and comfortable, and was doing some ground and lofty sleeping. Then along came a guest who mistook my room for his own, which was on the floor above. It happened that his key fitted the lock of my door, so he opened it and came in. When he saw me there he took me by the ankles and dragged me out onto the floor and sat on me, and asked me what in thunder I meant by occupying his bed, for which he had paid in advance. It took ten minutes to make things clear to him, and by that time I felt like a drizzling idiot.

"But I had sense enough left to get back into bed and make another try at sleeping. I had slept about twenty-seven wats when a big framed picture of my wife, which hung over the head of the bed, came down and smashed itself on my face and put my nose out of joint. Then I gave up. I put on my clothes and went downstairs and sat up all night, hoping the building wouldn't cave in on me. It didn't, and that was the only bit of luck I had that night."

Indefinite.

"I don't like to throw bouquets at myself, but I must say folks are afraid of my drive."

"Golf or charity?"

The City Bird.

"The sparrow soon adapts itself to environment."

"What now?"

"Saw one downtown today which was building a nest of burnt matches."

Progressing Slowly.

Husband—Making any progress towards getting acquainted with those people next door?

Wife—Just a little. Their cat invited our cat over to a little sing-song last night.—Stray Stories.



Cigarette

To seal in the delicious Burley tobacco flavor.

It's Toasted

The American Place

The KITCHEN CABINET

(© 1921, Western Newspaper Union)

Kind words do not cost much. They never blister the tongue nor lips. We never heard of any mental trouble arising from this quarter. Though they do not cost much yet they accomplish much. They make other people good-natured. They also produce their own image on men's souls, and a beautiful image it is.—Pascal

A FEW CHOICE CAKES.

In making cake for every day use the ordinary flour is satisfactory. But a fine grained cake of delicate texture is best made of pastry flour.

Ribbon Cake.—Cream a scant cupful of butter, add gradually two and one-third cupfuls of sugar, then add four eggs one after another without previous beating. Sift four cupfuls of flour with four and one-half teaspoonfuls of baking powder; add to the first mixture alternately with one cupful of milk. Beat thoroughly. Bake two-thirds of the mixture in two-layer tins. Add to the rest one cupful of nut meats, one-half cupful of cherries, currants, and citron, one cupful of raisins, two tablespoonfuls of cocoa, two teaspoonfuls of molasses, one-half teaspoonful of cinnamon and one-fourth of a teaspoonful of cloves. Put the layers together with fruit jelly, cover with boiled frosting and decorate with halves of walnut meats.

Lemon Sherbet.—Take a one-pint can of condensed milk, extract the juice from three large lemons, add one and one-half cupfuls of sugar, stir until the sugar is dissolved, add the milk and fold in the whites of three eggs beaten stiff. Freeze.

Creamed Lima Beans.—Cook the beans gently in water until tender, using just as little as possible. When done, add two tablespoonfuls of condensed milk, two tablespoonfuls of water, a dash of paprika, a piece of butter the size of a walnut and serve hot.

Imperial Cake.—Take one-half pound of sugar, the yolks of five eggs, the grated rind of half a lemon, two teaspoonfuls of lemon juice, one-half pound of raisins, one-half cupful of walnuts, one-half cupful of flour, one-fourth teaspoonful of soda. Mix as usual, dredging the raisins with flour, and adding the nuts after the beaten whites of the eggs. Bake in a loaf.

As much depends upon the proper baking of cake as on the mixing. The heat of the oven should be such that it can be easily regulated.

Nellie Maxwell

HEARD IN BEDFORD

MOW BAD BACKS HAVE BEEN MADE STRONG—KIDNEY ILLS CORRECTED

All over Bedford you hear it. Doan's Kidney Pills are keeping up the good work. Bedford people are telling about it—telling of bad backs made sound again. You can believe the testimony of your town's people. They tell it for the benefit of you who are suffering. If your back aches, if you feel lame, sore and miserable, if the kidneys act too frequently, or passages are painful, scanty and off color, use Doan's Kidney Pills, the remedy that has helped so many of your friends and neighbors. Ask your neighbor! Follow this Bedford citizen's advice and give Doan's a chance to do the same for you.

J. O. Henderson, Bedford St. says: "For some time I was troubled with my kidneys. Often I had bad headaches and severe pains in the small of my back. At such times I could hardly bend over, the pains would catch me in my back and cause so much misery. I started the use of Doan's Kidney Pills and they did me so much good that I have kept on taking them. Now I have no more headaches or backaches and I have never felt better."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Henderson had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.



One Quality-One Price

Firestone

Again Reduces Price

Extra Size 30x3½ \$16.65

Now \$13.95

Firestone first made the low price of \$13.95 on the Standard Non-Skid, May 2. Unusual purchasing power through big volume of business, and the great efficiency of its \$7,000,000 Plant No. 2, manufacturing exclusively 30x3½ size, made this possible. Now, the production of the Extra-Size 30x3½ tire has been transferred

to Plant No. 2. This permits the price reduction on this tire from \$16.65 to \$13.95. No such value has ever before been offered tire users. If your dealer hasn't the Extra-Size in stock ask for our Standard Non-Skid type at the same price. You will still be getting an unusual tire value.

Cords That Don't Blow Out

You feel secure on Firestone Cords. Because Firestone Cords don't blow out. Your repair man will tell you he hasn't seen a blowout this past

year—10,000, 15,000 and 20,000 miles, and the tires still going strong. See your Firestone dealer today. Name below.

Firestone Cord Tires are being sold at lowest prices in cord tire history: 30x3¼—\$24.40 32x4—\$46.30 34x4½—\$54.90

DEALERS

A. I. Housel, Bedford, Pa.

King Motor Co., Bedford, Pa.

Somewhat Overnamed.

While the majority of parents are content with one or two Christian names for their children, there are others who must have a long string of them. Thus there was living in England a short time ago a woman who had a name for every letter of the alphabet, from Anne Bertha Cecilia to Winifred Xenophon Yetty Zeus.

EAGLE "MIKADO" Pencil No. 174

For Sale at your Dealer Made in five grades

ASK FOR THE YELLOW PENCIL WITH THE RED BAND EAGLE MIKADO

EAGLE PENCIL COMPANY, NEW YORK

BEDFORD GAZETTE

VICTOR E. P. BARKMAN
Editor and Publisher

Regular subscription price per year \$2.00, payable in advance and \$2.50 if paid within the year. All communications should be addressed to

Gazette Publishing Co.,
Bedford, Pa.

The Gazette is the leading newspaper of Bedford County and its circulation is far ahead of any of its contemporaries. As an advertising medium it is one of the best in this part of the state.

Card of Thanks \$1.00, Resolutions of Respect, \$2.00. Obituary Poetry 5c per line. Memorial poetry 5c per line.

Friday, August 26, 1921.

Entered at the Post Office at Bedford Pa. as second class matter.

Merchant Tells of A Remarkable Case

Writing from Maxeys, Ga., A. J. Gillen, proprietor of a large department store at that place, says:

I have a customer here who was in bed for three years and did not go to a meal at any time. She had five physicians and they give her up. One bottle of Tanlac got her up, on the second bottle she commenced keeping house and on the third she did all the cooking and housework for a family of eight.

This sounds really incredible, but it comes unsolicited from a highly credible source and is copied verbatim from the letter.

Advertisement.

TINY SUGAR BOWL NETS \$250 AT PUBLIC SALE

York, Aug. 22.—A tiny sugar bowl hardly large enough to crowd a man's coat pocket, brought \$250 at a public sale here a few days ago.

The record price was paid as a result of the claim that the bowl is a rare piece of a once famous factory conducted in early Colonial days by Baron Wilhelm Henrich Stiegel at Manheim, Lancaster county.

The bowl was formerly the property of Miss Sarah Smyser in whose family it had been owned for years. Several other articles said to have been made in the old Stiegel works also brought high prices.

The founder of the Stiegel works was an eccentric German baron who came to this country before the revolution and in 1761 founded the town of Manheim. He built a huge castle there, parts of which have been preserved and now attract the attention of visitors to the section. Shortly after founding the town he erected the glass works in which he employed the people who settled Manheim. During the war his industries, which also included a forge and iron furnace were seized by the Colonial government but after the war they were returned to the baron who conducted them for a number of years. They finally were sold and operated by another company for many years.

WANTED

Wanted in every state that elects a United States senator next year, and in every congressional district, a clean and courageous progressive Democrat who is willing to become a candidate. Most of the Democrats now serving in the Senate and House are doing well and should be re-elected, but the records of all should be examined and the faithful ones retired.

Next year's campaign is the beginning of the presidential campaign of 1924 and everything depends upon the character of the candidates.

The paramount issue is likely to be taxation but there should be no retreat on other issues. Big Business is trying to shift its share of the taxes to the masses—the profiteer is trying to unload on his victims. If the Democrats put up candidates whom the people can trust, it is possible to carry congress and lay the foundation for success in 1924. Now is the time for Democrats to get busy.

No representative of Wall street need apply—the candidate must be free to protect the public from exploitation. No wet will be available the country must not return to the saloon.

The candidate must be able to appeal to the conscience of women as well as to the judgment of men—women's vote will hasten the triumph of every righteous cause.

The Democratic party has nothing to hope for from the predatory interests from the liquor interests or from the underworld. Expediency as well as principle compels it to stand for progress, peace, prohibition and purity in politics.

Select good men and draft them into the service of the party for the country's good.

W. J. BRYAN.

THE WILLOWS

Mrs. A. M. Galloway and son, Joe, of Duquesne, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Ritchey. They were accompanied home by her daughter, Miss Eva.

Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Amick and little daughter, of Ellerslie, Md., Mrs. Isabelle Amick, of Laurel, Md., Mr. J. B. Rice, of Clearville 2, Mr. W. R. Amick and two daughters, of Bedford, visited Mrs. M. J. Amick and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Clark spent Sunday in Cumberland, Md.

From the City of Mystery

By DOROTHY WHITCOMB

(©, 1921, Western Newspaper Union.)

"Going—going—gone!" The hammer of the auctioneer came down with a final rap. The man of bids waved his hand towards the cashier's desk. Earle Barton paid four dollars, gave his name and address, received a package wrapped in tissue paper and regained his companion, Ward Tolman.

"Whatever induced you to pay that money for a toy that looked to me like a cross between a baby's rattle and a nutmeg grater?" rallied young Tolman.

"It's a prayer mill from Thibet," said Earle. "It is made by the priests in that great city of mystery, Lhasa, a place where they visit the intrusion of a stranger with death. The devotee, when he wishes to pray, simply turns the mill and his work is done for him."

"I see," nodded Tolman carelessly; "but how do you come to know so much about these curios?"

Earle flushed deeply and evaded a direct response. He went on to tell that he had a certain liking for antiques. The auctioneer had interested him by narrating the story of a native priest of Thibet traveling in the United States, who had died in debt and whose effects had been sold to bury the poor fellow. The name of the man was engraved on the mill—"Zuelphi."

The friends parted, Tolman, who had money and position, to attend some social function, Earle, who had very little, to proceed to the nearest express office and send the prayer mill package to Miss Velda Tresham, Maybrook. Then he went to his rather cheerless room where he was making a struggle of life trying to write for the newspapers.

Maybrook was the little country town from which Earle had come six months previous. Velda Tresham was the one young lady in that village for whom he entertained a warmer sentiment than she had ever divined. Tolman, making a visit to the city, had come across Earle. Only casually had Earle ventured to ask about Velda. He had heard incidentally that Tolman had been paying some attentions to the young lady, and did not seek a gratuitous heartache by exploring the intimacy.

Earle knew that the erudite Professor Tresham, the father of Velda, was a great collector of unique oddities. He had sent the prayer mill to Velda hoping she might write to him.

The next day Earle happened to meet Tolman. The latter dropped into a jewelry store and produced an exquisite little ring.

"I wish you would engrave this for me," he said to the jeweler, and carelessly scribbled on a card: "Ward to Velda."

Earle chanced to glance at the inscription ordered.

The discovery killed a good deal of the ambition of the young writer. He changed his room for a cheaper one. Things did not go very well with him.

And then suddenly, by a rare chance, there awoke one day in the experience of this lonely city waif the most extravagant soul of hope. Magically, poverty was gilded and forlorn distress became a fading wrath of the past.

A man, a lawyer, hunted him out—after a long quest, he said. Was he Earle Barton? Yes, he lived at such an address formerly? Yes, again. Was he the purchaser, on such a date, at such an auction shop, of a certain prayer mill?

The long and short of it was that the owner of the prayer mill was that member of one of the richest, noblest families in Thibet. His relatives had too late learned of his fatal, stranded situation. Now they had ordered his remains returned to his native soil—at any expense. The mill must be found—if it took a fortune.

Ten thousand dollars was offered for the return of the prayer mill. It was at a distance. Then go for it—expenses advanced. This was the gist of the stranger's proposal.

The first thing Earle learned when he reached his native town, was that Velda was not married. The next was that Ward Tolman had wedded a lady in the next town named Velda Morse. Then Earle Barton realized his error.

In an hour he was at the Tresham home. Through an open window he saw Velda. She was looking at a photograph. Her face grew pale and she trembled as she admitted him to the house. He told her of his mission.

"I will get the prayer mill for you," she said, but in arising her unsteady hand brushed the photograph to the floor—his own!

"Wait," said Earle, a new light shining in upon his soul—"why did you never write?"

"I did, twice, and no reply, and then—"

He drew a step nearer. "You really cared?" he faltered.

"Oh, could you doubt it?" she cried, and dropped to a chair and burst into tears. Earle Barton knew that he had a life partner to share his new fortune.

The Only Way.

She—Do you really think I shall ever succeed in making an impression with my voice?

He—Undoubtedly, if you sing into a phonograph.—Boston Transcript.

How "Doc" Won Promotion

By HAROLD SINCLAIRE

(©, 1921, Western Newspaper Union.)

Doc Newton was out of a job, and that situation was becoming chronic. Never a brighter, brisker, more accommodating fellow than he, with friends everywhere; but the railroad company did not seem to want him, and the young fellow began to wonder if there was a black list, and why he had become its victim.

The roundhouse foreman could have explained the situation, but he thought too much of Doc to hurt his feelings. The boys on the dog watch could have enlightened him, but they prized his company, and sincerely hoped that things might take a turn for the better.

The truth of it was that Doc got "wild" every time he touched a locomotive throttle. To him an engine was a living thing, a vital steam horse that loved to show its paces; and never was there a more spirited driver than Doc.

Once he had run No. 24 on the wrong track where the depot girders came low, and knocked off the smokestack. Later he had dumped locomotive and tender into the turntable pit.

"Was never a second late, clipped right along, and always claimed the right of way," explained Doc dauntlessly, deeming the minor mishaps mere trivial incidents.

Doc believed he was still on the "extra" list, but never got a call to go on duty for a whole month.

"Tell you, Ruth," he said to the fair devoted girl who was the one star of hope and beauty in his armament, "I believe I'll try some other trade in some other town."

Ruth cried for a time. That ended Doc's determination. He went back to the roundhouse grimly.

Then, nobody was working one long-to-be-remembered February night. It had been a hard day for railway service. Nothing was sent out from Crofton, but at seven o'clock, on regular schedule, Doc walked into the doghouse with the business-like air of a man ready for work and expecting it.

"What did you wade way down here in the snow for?" inquired Foreman Bross.

"Oh, something may turn up," reported Doc, with his usual optimism.

Something did turn up—the biggest thing that had happened in the reckless, impetuous life of Mr. Doc Newton. It was the unexpected appearance of the president of the road.

"Bross," spoke the official sharply. "I must make the junction at Clay City in time to stop the night express on the Northern. Give me your best locomotive, a shallow caboose and a hustler, and do it quick."

"I'm your man," spoke up Doc promptly, rising to his feet.

"You'll have to fire," announced Doc laconically, taking his place at the lever.

"I did it once—I guess I can qualify this time," replied the official.

They ran the first ten miles in fourteen minutes, but struck a trestle a foot under water, and blocked with drifted wood. Then there was a whip-lash sway and the engine cleared a bridge just as a break in a dam carried its center pier away.

"We've made it," panted Doc, as they rounded a hill and came in sight of Clay City, to see the Night Express on the rival road steaming down the rails a mile distant. "They've given her the right of way," he shouted as they neared the interlocking tower.

"You must stop that train," cried the railroad magnate.

"I'm going to," said Doc grimly. He halted squarely across the tracks, a barrier to the oncoming express.

The official jumped from 101, ran to the halted train, waved his hand to Doc, and the dripping engineer knew that he had won the day.

It was the talk of the road next morning. It was known that upon the Night Express was a railroad king, whom the president of the Southern had to intercept before he reached the city. A first interview with him blocked a ten million dollar deal with a rival railroad.

Two days later the president of the road walked into the doghouse. Doc sat patiently awaiting work.

"Newton," called out the official, advancing and extending his hand, "there's a check for a thousand dollars going through the mails for you from headquarters. You can go to work tomorrow on the regular list."

"What locomotive?" asked Doc.

"Newton," replied the magnate, with a grim smile, "I wouldn't trust you with the oldest rattletrap on the road. After that dash three nights since, big as it was, I see that you would make the slowest accommodation a regular limited. No, you start in at \$2,500 a year as a division inspector."

"Ruth," observed Doc to his fiancée an hour later, "the president of the road won't trust me with a locomotive because I insist it show its paces. You will trust me with the nicest little wife in the world, though, won't you?"

"Meaning me?" smiled Ruth lovingly. "Do you think I'm not proud of the honor? You showed what real running was anyway, and you are the only man on the road that can't do it."

Inability.

"The girls of our unit that suffered an' say her husband had to go to work for himself."—Judge.

THE RESERVE BOARD

The directors of the Federal Reserve Bank are under fire. Ex-Comptroller Williams has presented charges that they will find it difficult to meet. Their explanations give forth more thunder than lightning. What the board needs is a membership that represents the interests of the country at large—a farmer who farms, a laborer who labors and a business man who is not a banker. These three groups constitute three-fourths of the population, and yet they have no voice in the decisions of a board that vitally affects farm prices, wages and business conditions.

W. J. BRYAN.

ANOTHER LEAK

Now that the leak made by the Palmer interpretation has been stopped by the anti-beer law, Attorney General Daugherty can address himself to the leak caused by the appointment of wet officials to enforce the dry law. Such appointments would seem to be a violation of the constitutional provision providing cruel and unusual punishments. What could be more cruel than to compel a wet to enforce a law that shuts off his supply of liquor?

DIFFERENT DEGREES

There is petty larceny that is always punished and grand larceny that is sometimes punished, but what about the glorious larceny that is never punished? The profiteers excite so much admiration for their genius that their rascality is overlooked.

STILL SPITTING VENOM

A Rochester paper says, "When ever fanatics who see red every time the word alcohol is mentioned managed to inflict the Volstead act law on the land," etc. Isn't that an intelligent comment on the law passed by more than two-thirds of congress and upheld by the Supreme Court?

THE MIDDLEMAN

The Indianapolis Distributors of Milk are giving that city a lesson in the practices of a private monopoly. During the war they paid the farmers 6 cents and sold it for 11; since the war they have reduced the price to the farmers to 4 and raised the price to the consumer to 12 cents. Formerly the farmer received a fraction more than HALF the retail price; now he receives ONE-THIRD. And yet there are some who still sing the praises of private monopoly. How long will the farmers be deluded by the representatives of big business? The milk trust is doubtless demanding the repeal of the excess profits tax. It is not enough to bear the exactions of the profiteer without relieving him of the tax? Until we have a trade commission in every state and in each municipality it will be difficult to deal with the profiteers so far they have been able to prevent legislation.

W. J. BRYAN.

SMOUSE REUNION

The twenty-fifth annual Smouse reunion will be held on Saturday, September 3, at Lakemonth Park near Altoona.

The Committee is endeavoring to make this the best reunion ever held and a cordial invitation is extended to all members and friends of the family to attend. An interesting program is being prepared.

Senator Clapper is to be congratulated on the passage of the bill to protect the farmers from the gamblers in farm products. It has taken the farmers (one-third of the population) thirty years to overcome the influence of a handful of speculators.

IT NEEDS R. R. GINGER

If the Bonus Bill could get some railroad ginger it might travel as fast as the R. R. bill.

Nearly two-thirds of the proposed reductions in taxes will come from excess profits and big incomes, which means that the percentage paid by the masses is increased. How long will they stand it?

HE PROFITEER STILL AT LARGE

What is congress going to do with the profiteer? He is still at large and nothing has been done to interfere with the criminal practices. When the congressmen come before the voters next year they will have to meet the question: Why have you failed to protect us from the profiteer? What answer can they make?

The profiteers seem to have the lead still. They are not only undisturbed their extortion but are even expecting to be relieved of the excess profits tax.

The Democrats at Washington are helping the Progressive Republicans to get through good legislation—or the Progressive Republicans are helping the Democrats.

THE SOLDIERS' CLAIM

If the administration can not give the soldiers a bonus, care should be taken that none of them sefer. The sick should be cared for and employment should be furnished for those out of work. What about good roads?

Senators Kenyon and Kendrick deserve great credit for the passage of the bill to regulate the packers—it would have been a better law if it had been passed as they drew it. But it is a beginning—it will be easier to improve it than it was to pass it.

The plan to repeal the excess tax and reduce the maximum tax on big incomes from 65 to 32 per cent will not set well with the senators and members who represent agricultural and industrial constituencies.

Eat LAHER'S Delicious Ice Cream IT'S PURE.

Watch for our week end specials of brick.

You'll like our combination brick of orange ice and pineapple ice cream.

TRY IT.

Make it a habit. Take home a brick of ice cream every day and please the family.

TYPHOID EPIDEMICS.

THEIR CAUSE AND HOW TO PREVENT THEM

A plate of ice cream may not conceal a stick of dynamite and a glass of milk may be quite free from a lysol "kick" but this does not insure the safety of either as food and drink. At any rate with typhoid epidemics appearing in various parts of the State, it behooves each housewife to learn the crepe-hanging possibilities of her bill-of-fares.

Milk (including milk products) that have become polluted in a common source of typhoid infection. There are a variety of ways by which this happens.

Carelessness in reporting illness in a farmer's family, the farmer's wife tending both the patient and the dairy, was the simple forerunner of one recent epidemic. Milk cooling in a spring of polluted water, some of the water splashing into the cans, started a string of cases in another section. A growing dairy business needing more help and a boy who had had typhoid fever (and who was still a carrier), pressed into service was enough to start the undertaker's phone ringing in a third part of the state.

The State Department of Health steps in, cuts off the source of infection and eventually gets the epidemic under control. But a local milk ordinance adequately enforced would have prevented these disasters in the first place.

It is one thing to read typewritten sheets of typhoid statistics. It is another matter to visit in an epidemic district to discover an eight year old child trying to care for the four stricken grown-ups in her family, to find a family of nine all in bed and utterly dependent for their recovery upon the initiative of outsiders; to hear the anxious catch in the cheerful voice of another patient who knows that she is the only support of her white-haired blind mother.

State and private nurses are summoned and great is their skillful service; but it is not only nursing that they do for their extras range from chaperoning a burly plumber into a placarded house, "I'll go if you go with me" he timidly says,—to procuring a minister to baptize a dying child. The greatest tragedy, though, is to realize that with a supervised milk supply typhoid epidemics could be avoided.

The other great source of typhoid infection is polluted drinking water. This rarely occurs any more with municipal supplies, but the country, well, the brook, and the mountain spring may be contaminated and farmers, picnickers, autoists and hikers, all are victims. Just because water has no bad odor, looks good and is cold does not mean that it is free from danger.

Not long ago there was a religious convention in the south-eastern section of the state. Most of the delegates arrived in automobiles and they parked their cars in a quarry near the convention grove. There was a spring in the quarry that the state engineers had condemned except for consumption by the quarry engine. But the convention delegates were hot and thirsty and they decided to "take a chance." When they left the convention they took home more than religious inspiration. Here and there throughout that section of the state, houses are being placarded and the Angel of Death does not always "pass over."

Dr. Campbell, Chief of the Division of Medical Inspection of the State Department of Health has suggested a few simple precautions that will go a long way towards wiping out typhoid fever.

1 Promiscuous drinking from springs and wells throughout the country should be avoided. All water from untested sources should be boiled.

2 Local milk ordinances to secure pasteurized milk should be passed and enforced.

3 Dairy farm inspection should be practiced before milk permits are issued (including medical examination of all dairy workers).

4 Most important—suspicious illness of all persons on dairy farms and those handling dairy products should be promptly reported.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF Martha W. Blumver, late of Bedford Borough, Bedford County, Pa., Deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment and those having claims to present the same without delay to

George Points,
Administrator
Bedford, Pa.

Aug. 26 Sept 30.

ASKS FOR HALF-BILLION TO RELIEVE UNEMPLOYMENT.

Representative London Proposes Appropriation to Be Turned Over to Secretary of Labor

(Special to the World)

Washington, Aug. 22.—Declaring that Congress is voting what amounts to a subsidy of \$500,000,000 to the railroads, Representative London (Sec., N. Y.) today introduced a bill asking the appropriation of a like amount to relieve distress caused by involuntary unemployment. At the same time the House received a petition from the Soldiers and Sailors' Legion demanding an investigation of present conditions of unemployment.

Mr. London's bill provides that the \$500,000,000 be turned over to the Secretary of Labor, who is directed to "immediately adopt suitable measures to relieve distress caused by involuntary unemployment." The petition of the legion says there are nearly 6,000,000 unemployed and that approximately 25,000,000 are dependent upon the earnings of these and adds:

"Reports coming to the legion indicate that there is a possibility that certain financial interests are united in a policy of forcing all wage-earners into a condition of economic helplessness in order that those in interests may treat with their employees as with hungry beggars and that this wide-spread unemployment is largely the result of deliberate planning."

We think labor is getting-its eyes open. So the farmer. They begin to realize that the Republican party is the party for the independently rich and not for the poor or the middle class. That the "wide-spread unemployment is largely the result of deliberate planning" is no dream and is charged up to the president himself. Why did the interests represented by his "best minds" close their factories and shops immediately upon Harding's election? Didn't Harding agree to anything they wanted in order to get the \$8,000,000 of campaign funds from them? Why did farmers' products tumble so quickly after election if it wasn't deliberately planned with Harding to be the goat?

WHAT IS THE VALUE OF PASTURE?

It is a common condition with men who have large farms to be very short on pasture. Owners of land to the extent of 150—200 acres very often keep only a limited number of cattle or other stock because of this pasture shortage. In a country containing so much land, unsuitable for cultivation, as Bedford County a permanent pasture of high yielding ability is invaluable. The value of such a pasture might well be placed at the cost of feed and labor required to replace it when live stock is kept in barns. Two acres of good pasture should keep a cow, with but little grain for an entire summer season.

Some valuable information relative to pasture improvements has come to the Farm Bureau office from extension specialists at the Pennsylvania State College who have just completed work on a bulletin on pasture experiments with the aid of county extension representatives. Excellent results have been obtained from the use of lime, acid phosphate and clover seed.

The permanent pasture problem is at times a most difficult one, but showing fresh seed without improving the fertility as generally useless. Manure, when available, gives a good return on pastures, lime, phosphate or manure may be applied either in Spring or Fall, as most convenient. If seed is sown during the summer, it should be harrowed in.

In the course of the demonstrations, some almost worthless hill pastures in Green county were treated with 1200 pounds of hydrated lime, or a ton of ground limestone per acre applied in the Spring of 1920, with 300 pounds of acid phosphate. Clover and grass seed were sown, a good crop of clover hay was cut last fall and there is a good stand of clover and grass this Summer. In other instances lime and phosphate were put on sods that were constantly pastured, and the white clover has come in and thickened up wonderfully. Livestock show a great preference for the treated plots, practically doubled in productivity. Fertilizer and lime treatment for pastures is recommended by the county agent at least once in five years.

NATIONAL BULLETIN NEEDED

It would be worth millions to the masses if they would follow the tax discussion at Washington and read the arguments presented by each group in Senate and House. It is a great fight, and will have a big influence on next year's campaign if the people can only get the facts.

CLASSIFIED ADS

When you are in need of building material, sash, shingles, ruberoid roofing, siding, flooring, wall board, beaver board phone or call on the Davidson Lumber Co. Don't send to commission houses to buy your material. Buy it at home and you can see what you are getting—better goods. These men don't pay any money into your churches or Sunday School. It is doubtful if some of them know what the inside of a church looks like.

Davidson Lumber Co.

July 1 to.

WANTED

Girl 18 years old wants position doing housework. Write Miss Mary Welch, Imier, Pa., Rt. 1

JUST RECEIVED

A carload of North Carolina pine. Flooring, ceiling, siding and other choice lumber.

Miller Bros.,
Mann's Choice, Pa.

GOOD BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

Corner store room in Oppenheimer building lately remodelled. Reasonable rent—Desirable for any business.

R. N. Oppenheimer,
Bedford, Pa.

Aug. 12 to.

WANTED

Three room apartment, furnished. Light housekeeping.

S. W. Edsall

Aug. 26 *

BIDS WANTED

The Bedford School Board will receive bids on the following work. Bid No. 1—To rebuild partitions in the three chimneys.

Bid No. 2—To build one new chimney which will take the place of the present chimneys. Material furnished by contractor.

Bids must be in by Saturday noon, September 3, 1921. For specifications see the board.

Aug. 26 Sept. 2

PUBLIC SALE

of

REAL ESTATE

On Thursday, the first day of September, 1921 at 10 o'clock a. m. the heirs of Mrs. Mary V. Miller, deceased, will offer for sale on the premises in Rainsburg Borough, the following real estate:

No. 1. The Mansion Property in said Borough, consisting of a lot of ground fronting about 80 feet on Main Street and extending back about 200 feet to an alley, adjoining south and an alley on the north; improvements are 11 room frame dwelling house, concrete cellars, running water in house, stable and yard; cement walks in front and in yard, carpenter shop, 18x24 feet, stable and other outbuildings, all buildings in good repair.

No. 2. A tract of about seven acres of land adjoining Rainsburg Borough, about two acres in apple orchards, splendid fruit trees, good bearers, and balance of land in good cultivation.

Possession of property promptly on delivery of deed.

Terms: 10% of purchase money on day of sale; 1/2 of remainder in six months, and balance in nine months with interest from day of sale. Purchaser to keep buildings insured and policy to be payable to heirs of decedent, as their interests may appear, in case of loss.

Personal property will be sold on same day.

Heirs of Mrs. Mary V. Miller.
John H. Jordan,
Attorney.

Aug. 19—26, Sept. 2.

NOTICE TO PARENTS

The Bedford Township Schools will open on September 12. All children between the ages of 8 and 12 must attend 100 per cent. All those between the ages of 12 and 16, 70 per cent. Compulsory attendance for those between the ages of 12 and 16 to begin October 17.

Ross Sellers, Secretary.
Bedford Route 2.

Aug. 12—19—26

NEW CREAM CAN

IS BURGLAR-PROOF

Perfectly honest 40 per cent. cream leaves an up-State creamery in a can addressed to a New York hotel. When it arrives, the butter fat contents may have shrunk 20 per cent. or less. Somewhere along the line the can has been opened, the cream stolen for sale, and the shortage made up with milk.

The Popular Science Monthly describes a new way of shipping cream which prevents theft and contamination. Shipments are made in a new type of can with double walls, on the vacuum-bottle principle. It is a sturdy receptacle compared with the common milk can—made of sheet steel and almost like a shell in its thickness of metal. Cream cooled and sealed in this can will retain its temperature with a change of hardly more than two degrees on the hottest day. Moreover, the can may be left outdoors in the severest of weather, freezing being almost impossible in ordinary shipping conditions.

The top of the can, when sealed down is fastened with a padlock. This can be opened by only one key, which is in the possession of the hotel man or restaurant man to whom that particular can of cream is shipped. Thus it is thief-proof, dirt-proof and climate-proof.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of the Borough of Bedford subject to the rules of the Democratic party. Having served my country with the American Expeditionary Forces in France, I solicit your support.

Robert P. Amos

Aug. 19 Sept 16 *

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of the Borough of Bedford subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

Charles H. Sansom

Aug. 26 Sept 16 *

SHIFTING THE BURDEN

An effort is being made by those who represent "Big Business" to shift the burden of taxes from the profiteers to the masses. First, they demand the repeal of the excess profits tax and the substitution of other taxes that burden all. The excess profit tax is the most just tax there is—it is to collect from those who collect EXCESS profits—that is, larger profits than they should. It is the only tax that a taxpayer can avoid by his own act—let him stop stealing and he will not have to divide with the government. And yet this is the one tax that the reactionaries want repealed. The next demand is for the lowering of taxes on big incomes—as bold a piece of piracy as was ever proposed. The Democrats in Senate and House should oppose both of these attempts.

W. J. BRYAN

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF George H. Appleman, late of Bloomfield Township, Bedford County, Pa., Deceased,

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

Harry W. Appleman,
Administrator.

Ore Hill, Blair Co., Pa.

Simon H. Sell,
Attorney.

Aug. 26 Sept 30

WET PROSECUTORS—A FARCE

On another page will be found two newspaper items which appeared, one in the Chicago Tribune and the other in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, the same day (July 20). One quotes a prosecutor in Milwaukee as advocating the use of beer while he reluctantly issues warrants, the other describes refusals to hunt up violators of the prohibition law and even the return of stills after capture. Enforcement becomes a farce when it is entrusted to officials who are not in sympathy with the law. When there is a joint debate between the appetite and the oath of office the appetite usually wins.

STATESMAN VS. POLITICIAN

Demosthenes defines a statesman as one who foresees and fortells. To foresee requires a knowledge of men; to fortell requires moral courage. A politician may have knowledge. A man, but he has not the courage that leads one to stand for the right when the right is unpopular—the truth always is in the beginning.

The statesman willingly assumes any risk that may attend the defense of that which he believes to be best for the country. He puts his country first, but, as a rule, he does not lose, even when he expects to do so, because truth always triumphs at last and carries to victory those who steadfastly defend it. "Truth crushed to earth will rise again" and those who are buried with it share its resurrection.

A statesman has faith in God and, therefore, "Faith in the Wisdom of Doing Right."

W. J. BRYAN

"Had I But Known"

"I intended to save some of that easy money for the rainy day but I had no idea it was going to rain so soon," said the man seeking a loan.

MONEY IN BANK

IS A

FRIEND IN NEED

AND A

FRIEND INDEED

Hartley Banking Co.

BEDFORD, PA.

The Old Reliable

FIRENDS' COVE—

LUTHERAN PASTORATE

Rev. J. A. Brosius, Pastor.
Services for Sunday, August 28, 1921
Bortz Church: Catechetical Class
Saturday, 2:30 p. m. Regular
services Sunday 10 a. m.

St. James Church: Regular
Service Sunday at 3 p. m.

A cordial welcome is extended to all.

New member: Gould
Service Station, 913
24th St.

Every
Wednesday
Suburban
Day

The
Wise
Buyer
Looks
For This
Emblem



Comfort--

Did you spend a little time in the peaceful atmosphere of the Community Rest Rooms on your visit to Altoona last Suburban Day—Wednesday?

If you were pleased with the many comforts—the easy chairs, couches, lunch room (where NOTHING is for sale)—we want you to tell your friends about it.

Tell them it is located on Fifteenth street near Twelfth avenue in the Christ Reformed church. Tell them how pleasantly you were greeted by those in charge; how eager and willing they were to give you any information you desired.

Make these Rest Rooms your headquarters when in Altoona. You may find the names of some of your friends on the register—maybe someone from your home town or one close by. Have your friends meet you there at a certain hour, while you wait in quiet comfort.

Out-of-town patrons of Booster stores are already showing their appreciation of this important innovation. The names already on the register show visitors from Coalport, Philipsburg, Patton, Tyrone, Ebensburg, Carrolltown, Martinsburg, Roaring Spring, Butler, Portsmouth, Va., and many other places.

The Altoona Booster Association realizes that nothing in the way of Comfort is too good for those who come to this city to buy that which their home merchant cannot supply, and for this reason have opened these Rest Rooms for their accommodation.

Don't fail to visit them the next time you are in the city.
You will be surprised at the touch of "home, sweet home."

The Fall Style Show

The Annual Fall Style Show will open in a blaze of glory on September 14th and continue throughout the week—15th, 16th and 17th. There will be an announcement very soon of special interest to everyone concerning this event. Watch for it! Everyone may compete!

ALTOONA BOOSTER ASSOCIATION

WRIGLEY'S P-KS

"AFTER
EVERY
MEAL"

The new sugar coated
chewing gum

which everybody
likes—you will,
too.



A delicious peppermint
flavored sugar jacket around
peppermint flavored chewing gum
that will aid your appetite and diges-
tion, polish your teeth and moisten
your throat.

B122

WRIGLEY'S
SPEARMINTWRIGLEY'S
DOUBLEMINTWRIGLEY'S
JUICY FRUIT

THE FLAVOR LASTS

RAILROADS OR FARMERS?

The House yesterday refused to authorize the War Finance Corporation to buy \$200,000,000 farm loan bonds or to lend any money directly to farmers. But the House later in the day passed the Administration's Railroad Funding Bill, which is substantially an authorization to the War Finance Corporation to buy \$500,000,000 of more or less uncertain railroad securities, or to turn that amount of money over to the roads for the securities already in hand and yet to be marketed.

It is of course to be observed that the Government is not owing the farmers \$200,000,000 or any other sum, while it is apparently owing the

railroads \$500,000,000 more or less? The House Committee which reported this bill thinks the Government ought to be able to square up with the roads through this payment, but what it ought to be able to do and what it can do, or what the roads will permit it to do, is another question. The whole matter is as far up in the air as ever, and nothing has been done to bring it down to a debt and credit balance.

This so-called Funding Bill is being rushed in the principal idea of hiring the railroads to start a buying movement in stimulation of industry, but if public money is to be paid out for such a purpose, where could it be better placed than with the farmers, at the fountain heads of industry?

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF John H. Hammer, late of Napier Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased,

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

Lizzie R. Hammer,

Shepherd F. Hammer,
Administrators.D. C. Reiley,
Attorney.
Aug. 26, Sept. 30

"GOOD LOOKS" NOT

ALL BUT HELPS

"I like to unwrap a new Dayton Tire," says Mr. A. C. Nycum, Dayton Tire Dealer of Clearville, Pa., Rt. 1. And while it may sound silly to say so, the reason is that the Dayton Tire is so good-looking.

"I know that clothes don't make the man and that good looks don't make good tires, but I also know that the quality of Dayton is down under the good looks, built right into carcass, tread and sidewall, so their good looks are merely added satisfaction."

"But it is a pleasure to take off the paper wrapping and expose the fine, jet-black tread and the white sidewall. On the cords there's a red strip too, just between tread and side wall, and that sets off the looks of the whole tire."

"It's a strong, serviceable-looking beauty, too,—the tire just looks as if it was made for miles, and then more miles. And the best part of it is that it continues to look well after many miles of service. Dayton's 'set off the looks of any car, large or small, high-priced or low-priced. And I've found that the matter of good looks appeals to the tire-user just as it does to me."

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF Sarah N. Buchanan, late of Hyndman Borough, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned executors named in the last will and testament of Sarah N. Buchanan late of Hyndman Borough, Bedford County, Pa., deceased, all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedents are hereby notified to present the same without delay for payment, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment of the same

J. W. Buchanan,

Cumberland Md.

Mary E. McGregor,

Hyndman, Pa.

Executors.

B. F. Madore,
Attorney
Aug. 19 Sept 23.

WOLFSBURG CHARGE

M. E. CHURCH

Rev. S. J. Pittenger, Pastor.
The Rev. Dr. N. E. Geiser, a returned missionary from India will lecture Saturday evening, Aug. 27, at Burning Bush: Aug. 28 (Sunday) at Rainsburg at 10:30 a. m. Trans Run 2:30 p. m. Wolfburg 7:30 p. m. An offering will be lifted. All are welcome.

The WRECKERS

by FRANCIS LYNDÉ

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Chapter XIV
Continued from last week.

There was silence for a little time, and she was no longer looking at him; she was staring into the heart of the glowing coals in the grate basket. By and by she said: "You haven't told me this man's name—the one who did the bribing; may I know it?"

I knew just what the boss was going to do, and he did it; took the slip of paper that Dedmon had written on from his pocket and passed it across to her. If there was another shock for her none of us could see it. She had her face turned away when she looked at the name on the paper. Pretty soon she said, sort of drearly: "Once you told me that the true test of any human being came when he was asked to eliminate the personal factor; to efface himself completely in order that his cause might prosper. Do you still believe that?"

"Of course. It's all in the day's work. Any cause worth while is vastly bigger than any man who is trying to advance it."

"Than any man, yes; but for a woman, Graham; wouldn't you allow something for the woman?"

"I thought we had agreed long ago that there is no double standard, either in morals or ethics—one thing for the man and another for the woman. That is your own attitude, isn't it?"

She didn't say whether it was or not. She was holding the bit of paper he had given her so that the light from the fire fell upon it when she said: "I suppose your duty is quite clear. In the slang of the street, you must 'beat Mr. Hatch to it.' You must be the first to denounce this bribery, clearing yourself and letting the ax fall where it will."

The boss was shaking his head a bit doubtfully. "It isn't quite so simple as that," he objected. "I don't know that I'd have any compunctions about sending Collingwood to the dump. If the half of what they say of him is true, he is a spineless degenerate and hardly worth saving. But to do as you suggest would be open rebellion, you know; while Dunton remains president. I am his subordinate, and if I should expose him and his nephew, the situation here would become simply impossible."

"Well?" she prompted. "Such a move would rightly and properly bring a wire demand for my resignation, of a nature that couldn't be ignored—only it wouldn't, because I should anticipate it by resigning first. That is a small matter, introducing the personal element. But the results to others; to the men of my staff and the rank and file, and to the public, which, as you say, is just beginning to realize some of the benefits of a real partnership with its principal railroad; these things can't be so easily ignored."

"You have thought of some other expedient?"

"No; I haven't got that far yet. But I am determined that Hatch shall not be allowed to work his graft a second time upon the people who are trusting me. I believe in the new policy we are trying out. I'd fling my own fortune into the gap if I had one, and, more than that, I'd pull in every friend I have in the world if by so doing I could stand the Pioneer Short Line upon a solid foundation of honest ownership. That is all that is needed in the present crisis—absolutely all."

He was on his feet now and tramping back and forth on the hearth rug. At one of these back-turnings I saw Mrs. Sheila reach out quickly and lay the bit of paper with its accusing scrawl on the glowing coals. Then she said, quite calm again:

"In time to come you will accomplish even that, Graham—this change of ownership that we have talked of and dreamed about. It is the true solution of the problem; not government ownership, but ownership by the people who have the most at stake—the public and the workers. You are a strong man, and you will bring it about. But this other man—who is not strong; the man whose name was written upon the bit of paper I have just thrown into the fire..."

He wheeled quickly, and what he said made me feel as if a cold wind were blowing up the back of my neck, because I hadn't dreamed that he would remember Collingwood well enough to recognize him in that passing moment on the sidewalk.

"That man," he muttered, sort of gratingly: "I had completely forgotten. He was here just a little while ago. I met him as I was coming in. Did he come to see your cousin—the major?"

"No," she said, matching his low tone; "he came to see me."

"You?"

"Yes. Finding himself in a pitfall which he has dug with his own hands, he is like other men of his kind; he would be very glad to climb out upon the shoulders of a woman."

I guess the boss saw red for a minute, but the question he asked had to come.

"By what right did he come to you, Sheila?"

"By what he doubtless thinks is



"He Is My Husband."

the best right in the world. He is my husband."

It was out at last, and the boss' poor little house of cards that I knew he had been building all these months had got its knock-down in just those four quietly spoken words. As well as I knew him, I couldn't begin to guess what he would do or say. But he was such a splendid fighter that I might have known.

"I heard, no longer ago than this afternoon, that you were not—that your husband was still living," he said, speaking very gently. "I didn't believe it—not fully—though I saw that there might easily be room for the belief. It makes no difference, Sheila. You are my friend, and you are blameless. But before we go any farther I want you to believe that I wouldn't have been brutal enough to give you that bit of paper if I had remotely suspected that Collingwood was the man."

She didn't make any answer to that, and after a while he said: "Having told me so much, can't you tell me a little more?"

"There isn't much to tell, and even the little is commonplace and—disgraceful," she replied, with a touch of weariness that was fairly heart-breaking. "Don't ask me why we were married; I can't explain that, simply because I don't know, myself. It was arranged between the two families, and I suppose Howie and I always took it for granted. I can't even plead ignorance, for I have known him all my life."

"Go on," said the boss, still speaking as gently as a brother might have. "Howie was a spoiled child, an only son, and he is a spoiled man. I stood it as long as I could—I hope you will believe that. But there are some things that a woman cannot stand, and—"

"I know," he broke in. "So you came out here to be free."

"It is four years since we have lived together," she went on, "and for a long time I hoped he would never find out where I was. There was no divorce. I had taken my mother's name, and only Cousin Basil and his wife knew that I was not what perhaps every one else took me to be—a widow with a dead husband instead of a living one."

"Did Collingwood try to find you?"

"No, I think not. But when he was here last spring with his Uncle Breckenridge he saw me and found out that I was living here with Cousin Basil."

"Did he try to persecute you?"

"No, not then. I was afraid of only one thing: that he might drink too much—and talk. Part of the fear was realized. He saw me that Sunday night in the Bullard. That was why he was trying to fight the hotel people—because they wouldn't let him come up-stairs. I saw what you did, and I was sorry. I couldn't help feeling that in some way it would prove to be the beginning of a tragedy."

"You saw no more of him then?"

"No; I neither saw him nor heard of him until about a month ago when he came west with a man named Bullock—a New York attorney. I didn't know why he came, but I thought it was to annoy me."

"And he has annoyed you?"

"Until this night he has never missed an opportunity of doing so when he could dodge Cousin Basil. It was his taunting boast yesterday at the capital that led me to telegraph Cousin Basil

and Upton Van Brit about four flip to Strathcona. He knew that you were going to the gold camp, and he declared to me that you'd never come back alive."

"But tonight," the boss persisted. "What did he want tonight?"

"He wanted to—use me. He said that he had 'put something across' for his uncle, that he had gotten into trouble for it, and that—to use his own phrase again, you were the man who would try to 'get his goat.'"

"And his object is telling you this?"

"Was entirely worthy of the man. He asked me, or rather I should say, commanded me, to 'choke you off.' And, of course, he added the insult. He said I was the one who could do it."

"Without intending to, you have tied my hands," the boss said gravely. "I wasn't meaning to spare Collingwood if there were any way in which I could use him as a club to knock Hatch out of the game."

"I haven't asked you to spare him."

"No, I know you haven't. But the fact remains that he is your husband. I—"

The interruption was the opening and closing of the front door and the heavy tread of the major in the hall. In a flash Mrs. Sheila was up and getting ready to vanish through the door that led to the dining room. With her hand on the door-knob she shot a quick question at the boss.

"How much will you tell Cousin Basil?"

"Nothing of what you have told me."

"Thank you," she whispered back; "you are as big in your friendship as you are in other ways." And with that she was gone.

It was right along in the same half-minute, while the boss was standing with his back to the fire and the major was going in to talk to him, that I lost Maisie Ann. I don't know where she went, or how. She had let go of my wrist, and when I groped for her she was gone. Since I didn't see any good reason why I should stay and spy upon the boss and the major, I slipped out to the hall and curled up on the big settee beyond the coat rack; curled up, and after listening a while to the drone of voices in the farther room, went to sleep.

It was away deep in the night when the boss took hold of me and shook me awake. The long talk was just getting itself finished, and the major had come to the door with his guest.

"We must manage to pull Collingwood out of it in some way," the major was saying. "I don't love the d—n scoundrel any better than you do, Graham; but that's a reason—a family reason, as you might say. You haven't asked me yet why I ran away from home this evening when I was expecting you."

"No," said the boss. "Sheila told me that you had a telephone call to the Bullard."

The old Kentuckian chuckled. "Yes, sub; and you'd never guess in a thousand years who sent the call, or what was wanted. It was our friend Hatch, and no other. And he had the face to offer me ten thousand dollars a year to act as consulting counsel for him against the railroad company!"

"Of course you accepted," said the boss, meaning just the opposite.

The major chuckled again. "I talked with him long enough to find out about where he stood. He thinks he's got you by the neck, but, like most men of his breed, he's a paltry coward, sub, at heart."

The boss laughed. "What is he afraid of?"

"He is afraid of his life. He told me, with his eyes buggin' out, that that was one man heah in Portal City who would kill him to get possession of certain papers that were locked up in the cash vault of the Security National."

The boss was pulling on his gloves. "I didn't give him any reason to think that I was anxious to murder him," he said.

"Oh, no, my dear boy; it isn't you, at all. It's Howie Collingwood. That's where we land after all is said and done. You had hands to deal with. If Collingwood gets about three fingers of red lllike under his belt, why, that's one murder in prospect. And if Hatch has any reason to think that you can still get the underhold on him, why, that's another. I'm glad you've seen fit to take Ripley's advice at last, and got you a bodyguard."

"What's that?" queried the boss. But the query was answered a minute later when we hit the sidewalk for the tramp back to town and Tarbell fell in to walk three steps behind us.

(Continued next week)

Women Who Suffer From Dizzy Spells

Harrisburg, Pa.—"Through overwork I became weak and my whole nervous system was affected. I could not sleep and suffered from dizzy spells. I was as miserable as could be until I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery alternately, but by the use of them I was restored to health and strength. I cannot say enough in their praise."

MRS. S. E. WILBERT, 1209 Bailey St.

Dr. Pierce's medicines have been sold by druggists for 50 years.

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Sheriff's Sales

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in Bedford Borough, County of Bedford and State of Pennsylvania on Saturday, the 3 day of September 1921, the following property, viz:

All the defendant's right, title and interest in all those two certain tracts, pieces or parcels of land, more particularly described as follows:

No. 1 A tract of land situated, lying and being in Colerain Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Thomas Cessna, G. A. James and tract No. 2, containing 214 acres 150 perches net, known as the "Fitzsimmons Farm", including all the right title and interest in an acre or more of limestone situated in the South Eastern part in the above described farm as set forth in the deed of Mrs. Sarah Fitzsimmons to William Cessna, having thereon erected a stone dwelling house 20x40 feet, Bank Barn 70x80 feet, Wagon Shed and all necessary out-buildings, a lot of fruit trees and running water.

No. 2 A tract of land situated, lying and being in Colerain Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, bounded on the North by lands formerly of William Cessna, on the East by lands of George Morgart, the line being the middle of the Public Road, on the South by lands of William C. Friend and expanding West to a line on the top of Bvitts Mountain adjoining lands of James R. Drenning heirs, containing 175 acres more or less, about 75 acres cleared and under fence, and balance in timber, and having thereon erected a two story log dwelling house, new bank barn and all necessary out-buildings.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Frank Cessna, defendant.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in all those two certain tracts, pieces or parcels of land, more particularly described as follows:

No. 1 A tract of land situated, lying and being in Snake Spring Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, bounded on the North by River, South by P. R. R., East by River and P. R. R., West by Bittie Hoffman, having thereon erected a frame dwelling house 20x30 feet, with well of water.

No. 2 A tract of land situated, lying and being in Snake Spring Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, bounded on the West by H. B. T. R. R., on East by H. B. T. R. R., and Lincoln Highway on North by H. B. T. R. R., on South by Lincoln Highway and River, having thereon erected a three story frame weatherboarded house 15x20 feet, and necessary outbuildings, with well of water.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of G. W. Gibson, W. H. A. Gibson, Ambrose J. Gibson, and Geo. D. Gibson defendants.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in all those three certain tracts, pieces or parcels of land more particularly described as follows:

No. 1 A tract of land in Napier Township Bedford County, Pa., adjoining lands of Emmett Horner, Jas. H. Cook, S. S. Stuckey et al, containing 80 acres 75 perches net, having thereon erected a large stone dwelling house, bank barn and out-buildings.

No. 2 A tract of land in Napier Township, aforesaid adjoining Tract No. 1, S. S. Stuckey, W. S. Suter, C. W. S. Stuckey's heirs et al, containing 82 acres 3 perches more or less, having thereon erected a frame dwelling house and bank barn.

No. 3 A tract of land in Napier Township, aforesaid adjoining lands of W. B. Souser, W. S. Stuckey's heirs, Mary Smith, David Smith et al, containing 73 acres, 1 perch and allowance.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George W. Souser, Emma F. Souser, and G. Roy Souser, defendant's.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in all those three certain tracts, pieces or parcels of land, more particularly described as follows:

No. 1 A tract of land situate, lying and being in West St. Clair Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Samuel Stuffs, George W. Knisely, Belle Miller, Joseph Knisely and Earnest Bellas, containing 103 acres, 49 perches, more or less. All cleared and under fence, and having thereon erected a new Frame Barn with slate roof, and improved with two young apple orchards. Known as the "Reininger Farm."

No. 2 A tract of land situate, lying and being in West St. Clair Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Elliot Allison, Rachel McDonald, Earnest Bellas, Watson Lingenfelter, and Eli Berkey, known as the "Snyder Farm", containing 172 acres, 107 perches, net, about 140 acres cleared and fenced and the balance in timber. Having thereon erected a two-story Log Dwelling, large frame bank barn, hog house and wagon shed combined, and a modern chicken house; and improved with a large bearing orchard of pears, plums and apples.

No. 3 A tract of land situate, lying and being in West St. Clair and Union Townships, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, known as the "Claycomb Farm", adjoining lands of Irvin Claycomb, Geo. Clark, William and Geo. Berkheimer, and the heirs of Margaret Mowry and Jane Berefoot containing 105 acres, more or less, about 75 acres cleared and fenced and the balance in timber. Having thereon erected a two-story Frame Dwelling with slate roof and a large frame bank barn with slate roof and large chicken house and other outbuildings.

A description of the above three tracts of land of courses and distances may be found by reference to the deed of John M. Egolf and Sarah J. Egolf to Lena M. Mowry, dated February 21, 1916, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of Bedford County in Deed Book Vol. 130, page 302.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Lena M. Mowry and G. S. Mowry, defendants.

TERMS:—The price for which the property is sold must be paid at the time of sale, or such other arrangements made as will be approved, otherwise the property will immediately be put up and sold at the risk and at the expense of the person to whom it was first sold, who, in case of deficiency at such resale, shall make good the same, and in no instance will the deed be acknowledged unless the money is actually paid to the Sheriff. Purchasers who are lien creditors must secure a certified list of liens for the Sheriff in order to apply the amount of bids or any part thereof on their liens.

Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M. of said day.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford Pennsylvania August 12, 1921.

J. M. Fink, Sheriff

Aug. 12—19—26 Sept. 2.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR CHARTER

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County on the 5th day of September 1921 at 10:30 o'clock A. M. under the provisions of the Corporation Act of 1874 and its supplement, for a charter for an intended corporation to be called "Sick and Accident Fund", the character and object of which are to unite persons of proper age and in good physical condition in a society to accumulate a fund for beneficial and protective purposes of its members from initiation fees, dues and assessments to be applied to the payments of benefits to its members, of their beneficiaries in case of death, sickness or temporary or permanent disability, either as result of disease or accident, and to that end to have power to make by-laws for the management of its affairs and to regulate the suspension and expulsion of members, to amend the by-laws and have other powers and privileges as are conferred by the laws of the Commonwealth; election to membership is to be by vote of the majority of the members at any regular meeting of the association and all members are to become beneficiaries at the expiration of 60 days after initiation; and for these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the said act and the supplements thereto.

B. F. Madore, Solicitor.

Aug 12—19—26.

ACCOUNT IN ORPHAN'S COURT.

The following account has been filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Orphan's Court of Bedford County and will be presented to the Court for confirmation and allowance on Monday 5th day of September next. The First partial account of the Scranton Trust Company; Guardian of Elizabeth Hissong a minor.

H. J. Pleacher, Clerk.

Aug. 12—19—26

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Simon E. England, late of Colerain Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned on the estate of Simon E. England, late of Colerain Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased. All persons having claims or demands against said estate are hereby notified to present the same without delay for payment, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment to the administratrix.

Nora E. England, Administratrix.

Lutzville, Pa. R. F. D.

Harry C. James, Attorney.

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned will offer for sale at her residence about one mile from Hopewell on Thursday, September 1, 1921 at 12 o'clock sharp the following real estate and personal property: 35 acres of ground with a five-room house, two-row corn planter, sleigh, 5 sets harness, grain cradle, mowing scythe, churn, rocking chair, porch bench, kitchen-table, talking machine, 16 records, 2 stands, crocks and jars, monkey stove, light two-horse wagon, surrey, 2 buggies, spring wagon, two-horse plow, light plow, single shovel plow, cultivator, single harrow, double harrow, 2 mules, horse, heifer, cow, calf, 2 pigs, chickens, rake, corn and potatoes in ground, hay, oats and wheat in barn, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Possession will be given on October first. Terms made known day of sale.

Mrs. Joe Brantegem, Hopewell, Pa., Rt. 1

Aug. 5 Sept. 2

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF William H. Mowry, late of Juniata Township, Bedford County, Pa., Deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment and those having claims to present the same without delay to

Charles B. Mowry, Warren K. Mowry, Austin H. Mowry, New Buena Vista, Pa. Executors.

Simon H. Sell, Attorney

Aug. 19 Sept. 23.

Do you know you can roll 50 good cigarettes for 10cts from one bag of



GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM TOBACCO

PLAN TO INCREASE POULTRY

Department of Agriculture Recommends Careful Selection of Breeding Stock.

The campaign that has been inaugurated by the United States Department of Agriculture to stimulate and increase poultry production along more efficient lines is divided into the following phases:

Careful selection of breeding stock to reproduce a larger percentage of good types of profitable producers.

Early hatching, so as to produce fall and winter layers.

To confine mother hens to brood coops for at least two weeks after the chicks are hatched.

To provide free range for both growing stock and layers in so far as possible to stimulate growth and production and conserve food consumption.

To preserve eggs for winter use.

The production of infertile eggs as soon as the breeding season is over.

Disposing of surplus cockerels as broilers to conserve grain.

To discourage the marketing of all profitable hens of the general purpose class until the end of their second year, and of the Mediterranean or egg class until the end of their third laying year.

To encourage the careful selection of all hens in order to eliminate the unprofitable producers.

To discourage the marketing of all profitable pullets as broilers and of all well-matured pullets for meat.

To encourage the caponizing of cockerels only when free range can be provided and a special nearby market afforded.

To encourage back-yard poultry keeping, especially among city and suburban dwellers, thereby utilizing



Leghorns are Well Adapted for Production of Eggs.

table scraps for the production of fowls and eggs for home consumption.

To encourage turkey, duck and geese raising when circumstances are favorable.

TO KEEP HENS COMFORTABLE

House Must Be Kept Dry, Well Ventilated and Sufficient Space for Scratching.

The poultry house is both the home of the hen and the factory where winter eggs are produced, and unless it provides suitable living and working conditions the hen cannot be expected to lay well. The chief requirement is that the house must keep the birds comfortable. To be comfortable the house must be dry, well ventilated, well lighted and have sufficient floor space to provide exercise by scratching. Dryness is insured by having a good roof, keeping the floor of the house higher than the surrounding ground, and by providing good ventilation. Ventilation must supply plenty of fresh air without drafts. This is secured in the poultry house by having the south side relatively open and the other three sides absolutely tight. The importance of light in the poultry house has not been properly emphasized in the past.

Number Ten is the Best Blood Purifier made.

A Fifty-cent bottle contains a two months treatment and spring is the best time to use it.

Ed. D. Heckerman
The Druggist Bedford, Pa.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY--

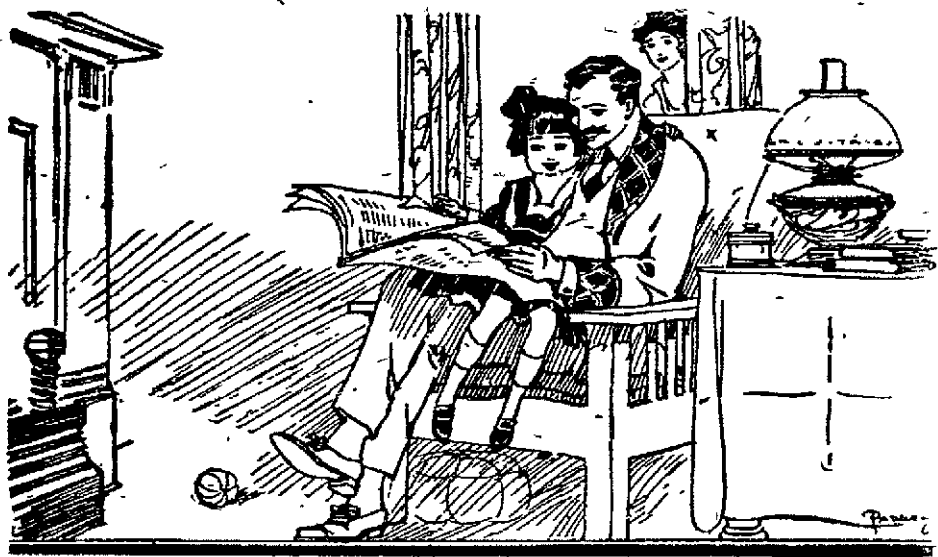
By Making Your Old Clothing Serviceable

FOOTER'S--CLEANERS' & DYEING

CUMBERLAND, MARYLAND

Agency, Misses Powell & Bain.

We are doing it for thousands of others—why not for you? We believe a trial will convince you.



What Does Your Family Think of You?

The real test of a man's religion is how he acts at home. Are you kind, amiable and sweet in your family circle? "Bear ye one another's burdens and so fulfill the law of Christ," is the teaching of Christianity.

We can follow Christ's teachings without going to church, but we thus deny ourselves many opportunities to help others. Help the church exert the influence in the community that it ought. Link your effort with the energies of those who are trying to build up the best things in town. Come to church Sunday

J. ROY CESSNA

He's The Insurance Man
Bedford, Pa.

TOWN PESTS



The Scandal Sheet from the Big City wins the Limburger Cheese Medal for Offensiveness. Its many columns of Nauseating Details of Scandal and Crime make it Unfit for Decent Homes. Carry it out and Throw it in the Garbage Can before the Children see the Filthy Sheet!

TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Guaranteed. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the same Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

Could Fill a Chair All Right. Dull looking and extremely fat boy approaches office manager—"Excuse me, mister, did you advertise for a quick, bright boy to run errands for you?"

PENNSYLVANIA BRIEFS

Assurances that while Pennsylvania's fruit crop will be far below the average in size the quality will be high and some fine specimens can be obtained for exhibition purposes were given at a meeting of the committee in charge of the state farm products show held at the department of agriculture. Secretary Rasmussen said the reports coming to him indicated the apple yield would be of an unusually fine quality and that growers had arranged to place the best in storage for display in Harrisburg in January.

Five veterans of overseas service with Pennsylvania troops were appointed by Governor Sproul as members of the commission to make an inspection of the battlefields of France and Belgium with a view to locating sites for monuments where Pennsylvania soldiers fought in the world war. The members of the commission are: Major General William G. Price, Jr., Chester; Colonel David J. Davis, Scranton; Lieutenant George H. Stewart, Jr., Shippensburg; Captain Timothy C. VanAllen, Northumberland; and Lieutenant Colonel Samuel W. Fleming, Jr., Harrisburg.

A carefully laid plot to hold up a mail truck driver in Pittsburgh and take from the truck a payroll intended for a Bellevue concern was frustrated through the efforts of Postal Inspector George V. Craighead, who caused the arrest of Eleanor Trudgon, James Lyons and James Scott. According to the police, the woman was taken into the confidence of the men and was to share in the loot. No details as to how the government officer gained the information has been given out.

The hearing on the complaint of the city of Hazleton and residents against rates of the Wyoming Valley Water company will be resumed by the public service commission.

The Bloomsburg school board elected William W. Baker, former principal of the Bradford schools, principal of the high school from among forty applicants.

Fred Ziesenheim, a student at the Carnegie Institute of Technology summer school, Pittsburgh, was shot four times when he interfered as peace-maker between McKinley Hart, another student, and John Butler, a negro. Butler told the police that he was passing through the Tech school grounds when he became involved in an altercation with Hart. Ziesenheim, who was near, tried to stop the quarrel. Butler, the police said, was raving when they took him to the police station and physicians were called to determine his mental condition.

Nine residents of Binghamton, N. Y., and Sayre were held at Bernice for the Sullivan county court on charges of breaking into and entering the McGee & Lang warehouse in Bernice, on July 28 and with removing therefrom whisky valued at \$2300. The warrants were issued on the instance of District Attorney Thayer. Each of the men are being held under \$1250 bond. The men are also facing charges in Bradford county courts of violating the Brooks high license law, transporting intoxicating liquors through Pennsylvania, conspiracy and carrying concealed weapons.

Enraged when his wife refused to get out of bed and make breakfast for him, Frank Williams, colored, of Sunbury, near York, beat the woman over the head with a hammer. Then, in remorse, he cut his throat. Both will die. According to the story told by the woman she had not rested well and did not get her husband's breakfast. While he was peeling potatoes for the meal, she said, anger got the better of him and he attacked her. In a desperate effort to escape, Mrs. Williams leaped twenty feet from an upper window, but her husband followed. After his last blow felled her, he ran into the kitchen and drew a knife across his throat. The woman's skull is badly crushed. Both are at York Hospital.

Williamsport was chosen as the 1922 convention city by the Pennsylvania Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, in session in Oil City.

More than 5000 persons gathered at Rolling Green, a pleasure park near Selinsgrove, to attend the annual outing of the Susquehanna Valley Farmers' Association.

The Pennsylvania railroad station safe at Vandergrift was robbed of \$800 cash, no tickets being taken.

Lebanon's board of education has purchased a tract of land in the new Ninth ward for a modern grade school building.

Commissioners of Snyder, Union and Northumberland counties met at the old wooden bridge crossing the Susquehanna at Blue Hill to Northumberland and agreed to jointly share \$15,000 in repairs, a third each.

Rudolph Dusick, aged 29, Hollywood miner, caught under a fall of coal in Hazleton No. 1 colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, died at the State Hospital at Hazleton.

Flying after a fleeing chicken thief, Otto St. Clair, of near Ligonier, accidentally shot himself in the leg, inflicting a painful wound.

The Ross Private Foreign Exchange Bank, at New Castle, was closed by State Bank Examiner L. R. Lloyd because of alleged irregularities.

Rev. J. L. Proudfoot, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Conneville, has indicated that he may enter the majority race in that borough.

Denied the privileges of storing a barrel of elder in the cellar of his parents' home at Middleburg, Harry Kenner, 23, killed himself by putting

a bullet into his brain.

His name eliminated from the slackers' list, Boleslaw Borsal, of Lackawanna county, is declared by the war department to have served with the Polish army in the world war.

The contract for a commodious clubhouse for the new Blairmont Country Club, near Hollidaysburg, has been awarded and work on it will begin at once, at a cost of \$150,000.

Alderman Windsor, at Harrisburg, held Harry Brindle, former state employee, in \$2500 bail on the charge of embezzling state funds. Brindle waived a hearing.

Miss Mayme O'Connell, one of Fayette county's first women mail carriers, is under arrest in Uniontown, charged with larceny of money from the U. S. mails. She waived a hearing before Alderman J. J. Michael, and was held for federal court under \$1000 bail. Miss O'Connell, who resides in South Union township, has been delivering mail on rural route No. 3 for the last two years, having secured the position during war times when men applicants were scarce. Postoffice inspectors claim the girl did not deliver a decoy letter sent to a resident of Newcomer, near here. It is said Miss O'Connell admitted taking \$3.50 from the letter. It is also claimed that she admitted tampering with two other letters. She covered her route in a Ford runabout.

While there is an oversupply of men for other positions, few want to be policemen in Hazleton. Only two took the civil service examination to qualify as applicants for long-standing vacancies on the force, which has been handicapped for two years on account of a lack of officers.

Hunters' tradition declares a rattlesnake's bite will kill a dog as well as a human being. But hunters can be mistaken. A mongrel belonging to Gordon Welshans, of Oriole, near Jersey Shore, has survived the ordeal, having been struck in the face by a rattler six days ago. Farmer Welshan's party was picking huckleberries on the mountain, while the dog poked among the bushes to rout out a rabbit or a woodchuck. He disturbed an eight-button rattler which bit him in the face. The pickers killed the snake, but the dog, whose face looked as if he had the mumps, disappeared. He has just returned home, a distance of fifteen miles, very much weakened, but will live. His face was covered with mud, the canine remedy for snake bite, hornet stings and like troubles.

Arlo Smith, of Wilkes-Barre, was probably fatally hurt when the automobile in which he and his family were riding overturned on the steep Scott's Hill, near Berwick.

The Lehigh Valley railroad is assembling all its coal cars at Hazleton and at other anthracite centers for the rush anticipated next month when the demand for fuel opens the management of the line has pushed the campaign to get rid of foreign-owned rolling stock and recover the Valley's own equipment to the point where a gondola with any other name on it than Lehigh Valley is a rarity.

Court in Scranton has handed down a decision upholding the findings of Judge George W. Maxey in the case against Frank Christian, John G. Haynes and James Pearn, of the People's Coal company, charged with contempt of court in mining under certain parts of West Scranton. Judge Maxey, in his decision, imposed fines aggregating \$240,000 on the three defendants. The papers handed down by the court include an attachment in which Sheriff Jacob Schlager is ordered to produce the three defendants before Judge Maxey in court on Tuesday, when final judgment will be entered. Attorneys for the defendants plan to carry the case to higher courts, when this stage of the proceedings are reached.

Ye Moon Ah, the only Chinese student enrolled in the public schools of Altoona, is preparing to visit his mother in China.

Joseph A. Conrad has been appointed postmaster at Latrobe.

Bloomsburg's Republican Women's Club disregarded party lines at its caucus and endorsed Bruce Hartman, a Democrat, for president of town council.

Robbed and thrown from a high bridge at Martin, John J. Spear, aged 33, of Keister, is in the Uniontown Hospital in a serious condition.

Milton's master barbers announced a reduction in the price of haircuts to 25 cents from 50 cents, the prevailing price. Shaves will be 15 cents instead of 20 cents.

Charged with breaking into the rectory of the St. Thomas Church, at Footedale, Joseph Stenlock, Joseph Seech and Michael Andrews, all under 12 years, were committed to the Fayette county jail to await a hearing.

DR. FAHRNE

Hagerstown, Maryland

DIAGNOSTICIAN

The Dr. Fahrneys have been practicing medicine and have made a specialty of chronic diseases for over 100 years. I am working only with chronic diseases—bad kinds—difficult cases—and I diagnose your case before I treat you. If you have a trouble or weakness or deformity, write to me and I'll study your case and give satisfaction.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND
Ladies Ask Your Druggist for
Chichester's Diamond Brand
Pills in Red and Gold wrapper.
Pills, sealed with Blue Ribbon.
Take no other kind of your
Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S
DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25
years known as "Safe, Always Reliable."
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

JAPAN SEES NO BAR TO ACCORD

OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF HER PRELIMINARY POSITION ON IMPORTANT MATTER.

WOULD AVOID ALL CONFLICT

Ready to Restore Kiaochow to China and to Evacuate Troops From Eastern Siberia as Soon as Satisfactory Arrangements Are Made.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

Washington.—Washington's interest in the forthcoming disarmament and Far East conference is sharper concerning the attitude that Japan is likely to take than it is in the positions which any of the other conferring nations may assume.

It has been possible to obtain an authoritative specific statement of Japan's position as related to certain of the most perplexing problems that are to be discussed at the forthcoming meeting.

It probably may be well to know in advance how the Japanese feel on certain matters. What is here set down on the affairs touched upon is official, and it was secured by your correspondent exclusively. The quotations follow:

"The Japanese desire to avoid unfortunate situations, such as developed at the peace conference in Paris, where for one reason and another it was made to appear that the United States was pitted in diplomatic conflict with first one great power and then another, till, by the time the Versailles treaty was finally agreed upon, practically all the powers were discredited in America.

"The Tokyo government now seeks to avoid, if possible, even the appearance of conflict between American interests and policies and Japanese interests and policies. In the opinion of most Japanese statesmen there is no issue that should not and could not be settled, both amicably and speedily, and they on their part are willing to go more than half way to reach any compromise and agreement.

Japan's Position on Shantung.

"The three most important matters are the status of Yap, the concessions in Shantung, and the presence of Japanese troops in eastern Siberia. The most difficult of these problems seems to be that of the concessions in Shantung. The present situation in Shantung was fixed by the Versailles treaty. By that treaty Germany renounces in favor of Japan the lease of Kiaochow and those of her rights that respect the railway from the port of Tsin-tao, in Kiaochow bay to Tsinanfu.

"To maintain order and security in Kiaochow and also to protect the Tsin-tao-Tsinanfu railway from lawless elements that infest the regions the Japanese have maintained up to the present military guards of not more than 2,000 men in Tsin-tao and along the railway.

"Japan has, however, repeatedly declared her readiness to return Kiaochow in full sovereignty to China, to withdraw all her troops now stationed in Tsin-tao and in the railway zone, and to make that railway an effective joint Sino-Japanese undertaking. It is obviously impossible for Japan to give effect to that declaration until arrangements shall have been made between Japan and China."

Then this official statement which I have secured goes on to say that China's attitude has been hesitant, although Japan has more than once invited China to enter into the negotiations.

Why They Keep Troops in Siberia.

The official pronouncement then takes up the Eastern Siberia question as follows:

"With regard to Eastern Siberia, Japanese interests and Japanese subjects, established in that sparsely settled region as a result of treaty rights accorded by the former Russian government, have been given little or no protection since the rise of the Bolshevik regime. Many Japanese have suffered not only personal hardship and pecuniary losses, but actual assault and even massacre. Nevertheless, out of the three provinces of Eastern Siberia, where Japanese troops originally were stationed, two provinces already have been completely evacuated.

"It is only in the southern frontier region of the maritime province, including Vladivostok, that these troops still are maintained. Yet it is the intention of Japan to withdraw her troops from this region also as soon as adequate provision is made for the protection of lives and property of Japanese residents and for the defense of the border of Korea."

Then the official statement takes up Yap as follows:

"As to Yap, the question is actually under discussion between the American and Japanese governments, and there is every indication of an early settlement of the controversy satisfactory to all parties alike.

"Japan has nothing to lose by a policy of conciliation toward China and is anxious, therefore, to reach with the United States, Great Britain and other interested powers the fullest and quickest accord that will determine and settle the status of the various foreign nations which have interests in that troubled country."

Printing Bill to Be Reduced.

Members of congress have heard

that the public printer and the director of the budget between them intend to save a large part of the fourteen-million dollars which it was estimated it would cost this year to pay Uncle Sam's printing bill. In other words, the estimates are to be cut radically.

Fourteen millions is a large sum of money, but when men are talking in billions it does not seem to be such a staggering sum after all. Nevertheless the hope is to bring the bill down as close as possible to the pre-war figures, which were about eight millions of dollars. If six or seven millions can be saved it is worth while.

The intention is to lop off here and lop off there from the printing expenses, and this of course means that a lot of government material which ordinarily has been put through the press will go into the waste paper basket, or in manuscript form will be eaten by the office cat or disposed of surreptitiously in some way by the printer's devil.

Everybody who receives public documents from the printing office believes that a lot of stuff is printed, which never should have been put through the press, but it must be remembered that this is the individual viewpoint, and what does not interest one man may interest another. So, broadly speaking, it is impossible for any one person to pass judgment on the general value of much of the printed material which the public shops turns out for the reading public.

Congressional Record is Expensive.

All the foregoing has reference, however, to documents which come from the departments of government, and it has nothing whatsoever to do with the Congressional Record which is, as its name implies, a record of the doings in congress, including the speeches.

As someone else has put it: "Locality in the senate and house account for the largest single item of expenditure—\$500,000 to print and circulate the Congressional Record, which has a daily circulation of 32,000 to 35,000."

Each representative in congress is entitled to 60 copies each day of the Record, while each senator gets 85 copies. Of course the senators and representatives put favored constituents on their mailing lists for Congressional Records and keep some copies for themselves. Taking it by and large, the numbers of free copies are not many, but there is a great deal printed in the Congressional Record which is intended only to exploit, for his constituents' sake, the personal and political views of the individual congressman.

In order that the folk back in the home district may know that their representative in congress is familiar with the classics, or that he likes to read modern poetry and essays, speech after speech has been printed in the Congressional Record at considerable cost to the people. The representative "continues his remarks in the Record," and the folks at home think that he is a most learned man, and that every word that appears in print was spoken on the floor, which frequently is not the case.

In the saving of money it is probable that a good many manuscripts worth while may be thrown out, or because of advance information, may not be printed or never may be prepared. It is going to be a hard job to discriminate between the worthy and the worthless, but somebody with good horse sense will be assigned to the task.

Advice to the Farmer.

There is no definite way by which the various departments of government can determine just what material which they send out in public print form is the best worth while. Of course, from some articles they get large returns in comment from the daily press and in letters from interested persons all over the country. However, there are certain elements in the community which rarely write letters, notably the individual farmers.

If the farmers of the country find that they are particularly interested in some line of governmental publications the wisest course for them to pursue, if they want the printing on the subject to continue, is to write letters of interest and commendation to the Agricultural department. This probably will insure the continued publication of particularly interesting material.

A large amount of the printed matter which goes from the government to the country is educational in its scope. All of it is intended so to be, but there are men in the government departments, as there are men in congress, who yield to the desire occasionally to air their own views without much regard to the probabilities or possibilities that their views may be of no interest to other people.

Lake Poets Marked by Simplicity.

The term "Lake Poets" was applied by the Edinburgh Review, early in the Nineteenth century, to a group of poets, whose chief representatives—Wordsworth, Southey and Coleridge—dwelt in the lake district of England. The Lake Poets protested against the stiff and formal poetry in vogue, and were distinguished by their simplicity of style and close adherence to Nature. Lamb, Lloyd and Wilson also were included under the designation. The lake district is a region in the northwestern part of England comprising the counties of Westmoreland and Cumberland, together with a small part of Lancashire. There are about sixteen lakes in the district, which extends about thirty miles north and south and twenty-five miles east and west, and abounds in picturesque and sublime scenery. It is visited annually by thousands of tourists.

The WRECKERS

by FRANCIS LYNDÉ

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Chapter XIV
Continued from last week.

There was silence for a little time, and she was no longer looking at him; she was staring into the heart of the glowing coals in the grate basket. By and by she said: "You haven't told me this man's name—the one who did the bribing; may I know it?"

"I knew just what the boss was going to do, and he did it; took the slip of paper that Dedmon had written on from his pocket and passed it across to her. If there was another shock for her none of us could see it. She had her face turned away when she looked at the name on the paper. Pretty soon she said, sort of drearily: "Once you told me that the true test of any human being came when he was asked to eliminate the personal factor; to efface himself completely in order that his cause might prosper. Do you still believe that?"

"Of course. It's all in the day's work. Any cause worth while is vastly bigger than any man who is trying to advance it."

"Than any man, yes; but for a woman, Graham: wouldn't you allow something for the woman?"

"I thought we had agreed long ago that there is no double standard, either in morals or ethics—one thing for the man and another for the woman. That is your own attitude, isn't it?"

"She didn't say whether it was or not. She was holding the bit of paper he had given her so that the light from the fire fell upon it when she said: "I suppose your duty is quite clear. In the slang of the street, you must 'beat Mr. Hatch to it.' You must be the first to denounce this bribery, clearing yourself and letting the ax fall where it will."

The boss was shaking his head a bit doubtfully.

"It isn't quite so simple as that," he objected. "I don't know that I'd have any compunctions about sending Collingwood to the dump. If the half of what they say of him is true, he is a spineless degenerate and hardly worth saving. But to do as you suggest would be open rebellion, you know; while Dunton remains president, I am his subordinate, and if I should expose him and his nephew, the situation here would become simply impossible."

"Well?" she prompted.

"Such a move would rightly and properly bring a wire demand for my resignation, of a nature that couldn't be ignored—only it wouldn't, because I should anticipate it by resigning first. That is a small matter, introducing the personal element. But the results to others; to the men of my staff and the rank and file, and to the public, which, as you say, is just beginning to realize some of the benefits of a real partnership with its principal railroad; these things can't be so easily ignored."

"You have thought of some other expedient?"

"No; I haven't got that far yet. But I am determined that Hatch shall not be allowed to work his graft a second time upon the people who are trusting me. I believe in the new policy we are trying out. I'd fling my own fortune into the gap if I had one, and more than that, I'd pull in every friend I have in the world if by so doing I could stand the Pioneer Short Line upon a solid foundation of honest ownership. That is all that is needed in the present crisis—absolutely all."

"He was on his feet now and tramping back and forth on the hearth rug. At one of this back-turnings I saw Mrs. Sheila reach out quickly and lay the bit of paper with its accusing scrawl on the glowing coals. Then she said, quite calm again:

"In time to come you will accomplish even that, Graham—this change of ownership that we have talked of and dreamed about. It is the true solution of the problem; not government ownership, but ownership by the people who have the most at stake—the public and the workers. You are a strong man, and you will bring it about. But this other man—who is not strong; the man whose name was written upon the bit of paper I have just thrown into the fire . . ."

He wheeled quickly, and what he said made me feel as if a cold wind were blowing up the back of my neck, because I hadn't dreamed that he would remember Collingwood well enough to recognize him in that passing moment on the sidewalk.

"That man," he muttered, sort of gratingly: "I had completely forgotten. He was here just a little while ago. I met him as I was coming in. Did he come to see your cousin—the major?"

"No," she said, matching his low tone; "he came to see me."

"You?"

"Yes. Finding himself in a pitfall which he has dugged with his own hands, he is like other men of his kind; he would be very glad to climb out upon the shoulders of a woman."

"I guess the boss saw red for a minute, but the question he asked had to come.

"By what right did he come to you, Sheila?"

"By what he doubtless thinks is



"He is My Husband."

the best right in the world. He is my husband."

It was out at last, and the boss' poor little house of cards that I knew he had been building all these months had got its knock-down in just those four quietly spoken words. As well as I knew him, I couldn't begin to guess what he would do or say. But he was such a splendid fighter that I might have known.

"I heard, no longer ago than this afternoon, that you were not—that your husband was still living," he said, speaking very gently. "I didn't believe it—not fully—though I saw that there might easily be room for the belief. It makes no difference, Sheila. You are my friend, and you are blameless. But before we go any farther I want you to believe that I wouldn't have been brutal enough to give you that bit of paper if I had remotely suspected that Collingwood was the man."

She didn't make any answer to that, and after a while he said: "Having told me so much, can't you tell me a little more?"

"There isn't much to tell, and even the little is commonplace and—disgraceful," she replied, with a touch of weariness that was fairly heart-breaking. "Don't ask me why we were married; I can't explain that, simply because I don't know, myself. It was arranged between the two families, and I suppose Howie and I always took it for granted. I can't even plead ignorance, for I have known him all my life."

"Go on," said the boss, still speaking as gently as a brother might have. "Howie was a spoiled child, an only son, and he is a spoiled man. I stood it as long as I could—I hope you will believe that. But there are some things that a woman cannot stand, and—"

"I know," he broke in. "So you came out here to be free."

"It is four years since we have lived together," she went on, "and for a long time I hoped he would never find out where I was. There was no divorce. I had taken my mother's name, and only Cousin Basil and his wife knew that I was not what perhaps every one else took me to be,—a widow with a dead husband instead of a living one."

"Did Collingwood try to find you?"

"No, I think not. But when he was here last spring with his Uncle Brackenridge he saw me and found out that I was living here with Cousin Basil."

"Did he try to persecute you?"

"No, not then. I was afraid of only one thing: that he might drink too much and—talk. Part of the fear was realized. He saw me that Sunday night in the Bullard. That was why he was trying to fight the hotel people—because they wouldn't let him come up-stairs. I saw what you did, and I was sorry. I couldn't help feeling that in some way it would prove to be the beginning of a tragedy."

"You saw no more of him then?"

"No; I neither saw him nor heard of him until about a month ago when he came west with a man named Bullock—a New York attorney. I didn't know why he came, but I thought it was to annoy me."

"And he has annoyed you?"

"Until this night he has never missed an opportunity of doing so when he could dodge Cousin Basil. It was his taunting boast yesterday at the capital that led me to telegraph Cousin Basil

and Upton Van Brit about your trip to Strathcona. He knew that you were going to the gold camp, and he declared to me that you'd never come back alive."

"But tonight," the boss persisted. "What did he want tonight?"

"He wanted to—to use me. He said that he had 'put something across' for his uncle, that he had gotten into trouble for it, and that—to use his own phrase again, you were the man who would try to 'get his goat.'"

"And his object is telling you this?"

"Was entirely worthy of the man. He asked me, or rather I should say, commanded me, to 'choke you off.' And, of course, he added the insult. He said I was the one who could do it."

"Without intending to, you have tied my hands," the boss said gravely. "I wasn't meaning to spare Collingwood if there were any way in which I could use him as a club to knock Hatch out of the game."

"I haven't asked you to spare him."

"No, I know you haven't. But the fact remains that he is your husband."

The interruption was the opening and closing of the front door and the heavy tread of the major in the hall. In a flash Mrs. Sheila was up and getting ready to vanish through the door that led to the dining room. With her hand on the door-knob she shot a quick question at the boss.

"How much will you tell Cousin Basil?"

"Nothing of what you have told me."

"Thank you," she whispered back; "you are as big in your friendship as you are in other ways." And with that she was gone.

It was right along in the same half-minute, while the boss was standing with his back to the fire and the major was going in to talk to him, that I lost Maisie Ann. I don't know where she went, or how. She had let go of my wrist, and when I groped for her she was gone. Since I didn't see any good reason why I should stay and spy upon the boss and the major, I slipped out to the hall and curled up on the big 'settee beyond the coat rack; curled up, and after listening a while to the drone of voices in the farther room, went to sleep.

It was away deep in the night when the boss took hold of me and shook me awake. The long talk was just getting itself finished, and the major had come to the door with his guest.

"We must manage to pull Collingwood out of it in some way," the major was saying. "I don't love the d—n scoundrel any better than you do, Graham; but that's a reason—a family reason, as you might say." Then he switched off quickly. "You haven't asked me yet why I ran away from home this evening when I was expecting you."

"No," said the boss. "Sheila told me that you had a telephone call to the Bullard."

The old Kentuckian chuckled. "Yess, suh; and you'd never guess in a thousand years who sent the call, or what was wanted. It was our friend Hatch, and no other. And he had the face to offer me ten thousand dollars a year to act as consulting counsel for him against the railroad company!"

"Of course you accepted," said the boss, meaning just the opposite.

The major chuckled again. "I talked with him long enough to find out about where he stood. He thinks he's got you by the neck, but, like most men of his breed, he's a paltry coward, suh, at heart."

The boss laughed. "What is he afraid of?"

"He is afraid of his life. He told me, with his eyes buggin' out, that that was one man heath in Portal City who would kill him to get possession of certain papers that were locked up in the cash vault of the Security National."

The boss was pulling on his gloves.

"I didn't give him any reason to think that I was anxious to murder him," he said.

"Oh, no, my dear boy; it isn't you, at all. It's Howie Collingwood. That's where we land after all is said and done. Your hands are tied, and we've got this head young maniac to deal with. If Collingwood gets about three fingers of red likker under his belt, why, that's one murder in prospect. And if Hatch has any reason to think that you can still get the underfoot on him, why, that's another. I'm glad you've seen fit to take Ripley's advice at last, and got you a bodyguard."

"What's that?" queried the boss. But the query was answered a minute later when he hit the sidewalk for the tramp back to town and Tarbell fell in to walk three steps behind us.

(Continued next week)

Women Who Suffer From Dizzy Spells

Harrisburg, Pa.—"Through overwork I became weak and my whole nervous system was affected. I could not sleep and suffered from dizzy spells. I was as miserable as could be until I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery alternately, but by the use of them I was restored to health and strength. I cannot say enough in their praise."

MRS. S. E. WILBERT, 1209 Bailey St.

Dr. Pierce's medicines have been sold by druggists for 50 years.



as could be until I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery alternately, but by the use of them I was restored to health and strength. I cannot say enough in their praise."

Sheriff's Sales

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in Bedford Borough, County of Bedford and State of Pennsylvania on Saturday, the 3 day of September 1921, the following property, viz:

All the defendant's right, title and interest in all those two certain tracts, pieces or parcels of land, more particularly described as follows:

No. 1 A tract of land situated, lying and being in Colerain township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Thomas Cessna, G. A. James and tract No. 2, containing 214 acres 150 perches net, known as the "Fitzsimmons Farm," including all the right title, and interest in an acre or more of limestone situated in the South Eastern part in the above described farm as set forth in the deed of Mrs. Sarah Fitzsimmons to William Cessna, having thereon erected a stone dwelling house 20x40 feet, Bank Barn 70x80 feet, Wagon Shed and all necessary outbuildings, a lot of fruit trees and running water.

No. 2 A tract of land situated, lying and being in Colerain Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, bounded on the North by lands formerly of William Cessna, on the East by lands of George Morgart, the line being the middle of the Public Road, on the South by lands of William C. Friend and extending West to a line on the top of Everts Mountain adjoining lands of James R. Drenning heirs, containing 175 acres more or less, about 75 acres cleared and under fence, and balance in timber, and having thereon erected a two story log dwelling house, new bank barn and all necessary outbuildings.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Frank Cessna, defendant.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in all those two certain tracts, pieces or parcels of land, more particularly described as follows:

No. 1 A tract of land situated, lying and being in Snake Spring Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, bounded on the North by River, South by P. R. R., East by River and P. R. R., West by Ette Hoffman, having thereon erected a frame dwelling house 20x30 feet, with well of water.

No. 2 A tract of land situated, lying and being in Snake Spring Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, bounded on the West by H. & B. T. R. R., on East by H. & B. T. R. R., and Lincoln Highway on North by H. & B. T. R. R., on South by Lincoln Highway and River, having thereon erected a three story frame weatherboarded house 15x20 feet, and necessary outbuildings, with well of water.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of G. W. Gibson, W. H. A. Gibson, Ambrose J. Gibson, and Geo. D. Gibson defendants.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in all those three certain tracts, pieces or parcels of land more particularly described as follows:

No. 1 A tract of land in Napier Township Bedford County, Pa., adjoining lands of Emmett Horner, Jas. H. Cook, S. S. Stuckey et al, containing 80 acres 75 perches net, having thereon erected a large stone dwelling house, bank barn and outbuildings.

No. 2 A tract of land in Napier Township, aforesaid adjoining Tract No. 1. S. S. Stuckey, W. S. Suter, C. W. S. Stuckey's heirs et al, containing 82 acres 3 perches more or less having thereon erected a frame dwelling house and bank barn.

No. 3 A tract of land in Napier Township, aforesaid adjoining lands of W. B. Souser, W. S. Stuckey's heirs, Mary Smith, David Smith et al, containing 73 acres, 1 perch and allowance.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George W. Souser, Emma F. Souser, and G. Roy Souser, defendants.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in all those three certain tracts, pieces or parcels of land, more particularly described as follows:

No. 1 A tract of land situate, lying and being in West St. Clair Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Samuel Stuft, George W. Knisely, Belle Miller, Joseph Knisely and Earnest Bellas, containing 103 acres, 49 perches, more or less. All cleared and under fence, and having thereon erected a new Frame Barn with slate roof; and improved with two young apple orchards. Known as the "Reininger Farm."

No. 2 A tract of land situate, lying and being in West St. Clair Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Elliot Allison, Rachel McDonald, Earnest Bellas, Watson Lingenfelter, and Eli Berkey, known as the "Snyder Farm," containing 172 acres, 107 perches, net, about 140 acres cleared and fenced and the balance in timber. Having thereon erected a two-story Log Dwelling, large frame bank barn, hog house and wagon she combined, and a modern chicken house; and improved with a large bearing orchard of pears, plums and apples.

No. 3 A tract of land situate, lying and being in West St. Clair and Union Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, known as the "Claycomb Farm," adjoining lands of Irvin Claycomb, Geo. Clark, William and Geo. Berkhimer, and the heirs of Margaret Mowry and Jane Barefoot containing 105 acres, more or less, about 75 acres cleared and fenced and the balance in timber. Having thereon erected a two-story Frame Dwelling with slate roof and a large frame bank barn with slate roof and large chicken house and other outbuildings.

tances may be found by reference to the deed of John M. Egolf and Sarah J. Egolf to Lena M. Mowry, dated February 21, 1916, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of Bedford County in Deed Book Vol. 130, page 302.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Lena M. Mowry and G. S. Mowry, defendants.

TERMS:—The price for which the property is sold must be paid at the time of sale, or such other arrangements made as will be approved, otherwise the property will immediately be put up and sold at the risk and at the expense of the person to whom it was first sold, who, in case of deficiency at such resale, shall make good the same, and in no instance will the deed be acknowledged unless the money is actually paid to the Sheriff. Purchasers who are lien creditors must secure a certified list of liens for the Sheriff in order to apply the amount of bids or any part thereof on their liens.

Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M. of said day.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford Pennsylvania August 12, 1921.

J. M. Fink, Sheriff

Aug. 12—19—26 Sept 2.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR CHARTER

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County on the 5th day of September 1921 at 10:30 o'clock A. M. under the provisions of the Corporation Act of 1874 and its supplement, for a charter for an intended corporation to be called "Sick and Accident Fund," the character and object of which are to unite persons of proper age and in good physical condition in a society to accumulate a fund for beneficial and protective purposes of its members from initiation fees, dues and assessments to be applied to the payments of benefits to its members, of their beneficiaries in case of death, sickness or temporary or permanent disability, either as result of disease or accident, and to that end to have power to make by-laws for the management of its affairs and to regulate the suspension and expulsion of members, to amend the by-laws and have other powers and privileges as are conferred by the laws of the Commonwealth; election to membership is to be by vote of the majority of the members at any regular meeting of the association and all members are to become beneficiaries at the expiration of 60 days after initiation; and for these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the said act and the supplements thereto.

B. F. Madara, Solicitor.

Aug 12—19—26.

ACCOUNT IN ORPHAN'S COURT.

The following account has been filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Orphan's Court of Bedford County and will be presented to the Court for confirmation and allowance on Monday 5th day of September next. The First partial account of the Scranton Trust Company, Guardian of Elizabeth Hissong a minor.

H. J. Fleischer, Clerk.

Aug. 12—19—26.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Simon E. England, late of Colerain Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned on the estate of Simon E. England, late of Colerain Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased. All persons having claims or demands against said estate are hereby notified to present the same without delay for payment, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment to the administrator.

Nora E. England, Administratrix.

Lutzville, Pa. R. F. D.

Harry C. James, Attorney.

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned will offer for sale at her residence about one mile from Hopewell on Thursday, September 1, 1921 at 12 o'clock sharp the following real estate and personal property: 35 acres of ground with a five-room house, two-row corn planter, sleigh, 5 sets harness, grain cradle, mowing scythe, churn, rocking chair, porch bench, kitchen-table, talking machine, 16 records, 2 stands, crocks and jars, monkey stove, light two-horse wagon, surrey, 2 buggies, spring wagon, two-horse plow, light plow, single shovel plow, cultivator, single harrow, double harrow, 2 mules, horse, heifer, cow, calf, 2 pigs, chickens, rake, corn and potatoes in ground, hay, oats and wheat in barn, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Possession will be given on October first. Terms made known day of sale.

Mrs. Joe Brantegem,

Hopewell, Pa., Rt. 1

Aug. 5 Sept. 2

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF William H. Mowry, late of Juniata Township, Bedford County, Pa., Deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

Charles B. Mowry, Warren K. Mowry, Austin H. Mowry, New Buena Vista, Pa. Executors.

Simon H. Sell, Attorney

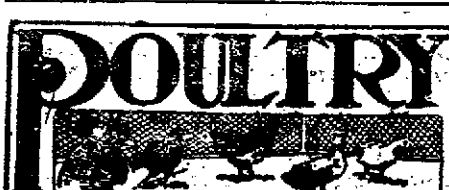
Aug. 19 Sept 23.

Do you know you can roll 50 good cigarettes for 10cts from one bag of



GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM TOBACCO

As sold by The American Tobacco Co.



PLAN TO INCREASE POULTRY

Department of Agriculture Recommends Careful Selection of Breeding Stock.

The campaign that has been inaugurated by the United States Department of Agriculture to stimulate and increase poultry production along more efficient lines is divided into the following phases:

Careful selection of breeding stock to reproduce a larger percentage of good types of profitable producers.

Early hatching, so as to produce fall and winter layers.

To confine mother hens to brood coops for at least two weeks after the chicks are hatched.

To provide free range for both growing stock and layers, in so far as possible to stimulate growth and production and conserve food consumption.

To preserve eggs for winter use.

The production of infertile eggs as soon as the breeding season is over.

Disposing of surplus cockerels as broilers to conserve grain.

To discourage the marketing of all profitable hens of the general purpose class until the end of their second year, and of the Mediterranean or egg class until the end of their third laying year.

To encourage the careful selection of all hens in order to eliminate the unprofitable producers.

To discourage the marketing of all profitable pullets as broilers and of all well-matured pullets for meat.

To encourage the caponizing of cockerels only when free range can be provided and a special nearby market afforded.

To encourage back-yard poultry keeping, especially among city and suburban dwellers, thereby utilizing



Leghorns Are Well Adapted for Production of Eggs.

table scraps for the production of fowls and eggs for home consumption.

To encourage turkey, duck and geese raising when circumstances are favorable.

TO KEEP HENS COMFORTABLE

House Must Be Kept Dry, Well Ventilated and Sufficient Space for Scratching.

The poultry house is both the home of the hen and the factory where winter eggs are produced, and unless it provides suitable living and working conditions the hen cannot be expected to lay well. The chief requirement is that the house must keep the birds comfortable. To be comfortable the house must be dry, well ventilated, well lighted and have sufficient floor space to provide exercise by scratching. Dryness is insured by having a good roof, keeping the floor of the house higher than the surrounding ground, and by providing good ventilation. Ventilation must supply plenty of fresh air without drafts. This is secured in the poultry house by having the south side relatively open and the other three sides absolutely tight. The importance of light in the poultry house has not been properly emphasized in the past.

Number Ten is the Best Blood Purifier made.

A Fifty-cent bottle contains a two months treatment and spring is the best time to use it.

Ed. D. Heckerman
The Druggist Bedford, Pa.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY--

By Making Your Old Clothing Serviceable

FOOTER'S-CLEANERS' & DYE

CUMBERLAND, MARYLAND

Agency, Misses Powell & Bain.

We are doing it for thousands of others—why not for you? We believe a trial will convince you.



What Does Your Family Think of You?

The real test of a man's religion is how he acts at home. Are you kind, amiable and sweet in your family circle? "Bear ye one another's burdens and so fulfill the law of Christ," is the teaching of Christianity.

We can follow Christ's teachings without going to church, but we thus deny ourselves many opportunities to help others. Help the church exert the influence in the community that it ought. Link your effort with the energies of those who are trying to build up the best things in town. Come to church Sunday.

J. ROY CESSNA
He's The Insurance Man
Bedford, Pa.

TOWN PESTS



The Scandal Sheet from the Big City wins the Limburger Cheese Medal for Offensiveness. Its many columns of Nauseating Details of Scandal and Crime make it Unfit for Decent Homes. Carry it out and Throw it in the Garbage Can before the Children see the Filthy Sheet!

TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the National Remedy of Holland since 1896. Guaranteed. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

Could Fill a Chair All Right. Dull looking and extremely fat boy approaches office manager—"Excuse me, mister, did you advertise for a quick, bright boy to run errands for you?"

PENNSYLVANIA BRIEFS

Assurances that while Pennsylvania's fruit crop will be far below the average in size the quality will be high and some fine specimens can be obtained for exhibition purposes were given at a meeting of the committee in charge of the state farm products show held at the department of agriculture. Secretary Rasmussen said the reports coming to him indicated the apple yield would be of an unusually fine quality and that growers had arranged to place the best in storage for display in Harrisburg in January.

Five veterans of overseas service with Pennsylvania troops were appointed by Governor Sprout as members of the commission to make an inspection of the battlefields of France and Belgium with a view to locating sites for monuments where Pennsylvania soldiers fought in the world war. The members of the commission are: Major General William G. Price, Jr., Chester; Colonel David J. Davis, Scranton; Lieutenant George H. Stewart, Jr., Shippensburg; Captain Timothy C. VanAllen, Northumberland, and Lieutenant Colonel Samuel W. Fleming, Jr., Harrisburg.

A carefully laid plot to hold up a mail truck driver in Pittsburgh and take from the truck a payroll intended for a Bellevue concern was frustrated through the efforts of Postal Inspector George V. Craighead, who caused the arrest of Eleanor Trudgon, James Lyons and James Scott. According to the police, the woman was taken into the confidence of the men and was to share in the loot. No details as to how the government officer gained the information has been given out.

The hearing on the complaint of the city of Hazleton and residents against rates of the Wyoming Valley Water company will be resumed by the public service commission.

The Bloomsburg school board elected William W. Baker, former principal of the Bradford schools, principal of the high school from among forty applicants.

Fred Ziesenheim, a student at the Carnegie Institute of Technology summer school, Pittsburgh, was shot four times when he interfered as peace-maker between McKinley Hart, another student, and John Butler, a negro. Butler told the police that he was passing through the Tech school grounds when he became involved in an altercation with Hart. Ziesenheim, who was near, tried to stop the quarrel. Butler, the police said, was raving when they took him to the police station and physicians were called to determine his mental condition.

Nine residents of Binghamton, N. Y., and Sayre were held at Bernice for the Sullivan county court on charges of breaking into and entering the McGee & Lang warehouse in Bernice, on July 28 and with removing therefrom whisky valued at \$2300. The warrants were issued on the instance of District Attorney Thayer. Each of the men are being held under \$1250 bond. The men are also facing charges in Bradford county courts of violating the Brooks high license law, transporting intoxicating liquors through Pennsylvania, conspiracy and carrying concealed weapons.

Enraged when his wife refused to get out of bed and make breakfast for him, Frank Williams, colored, of Sunbury, near York, beat the woman over the head with a hammer. Then, in remorse, he cut his throat. Both will die. According to the story told by the woman she had not rested well and did not get her husband's breakfast. While he was peeling potatoes for the meal, she said, anger got the better of him and he attacked her. In a desperate effort to escape, Mrs. Williams leaped twenty feet from an upper window, but her husband followed. After his last blow felled her, he ran into the kitchen and drew a knife across his throat. The woman's skull is badly crushed. Both are at York Hospital.

Williamsport was chosen as the 1922 convention city by the Pennsylvania Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, in session in Oil City.

More than 5000 persons gathered at Rolling Green, a pleasure park near Selinsgrove, to attend the annual outing of the Susquehanna Valley Farmers' Association.

The Pennsylvania railroad station safe at Vandergrift was robbed of \$800 cash, no tickets being taken.

Lebanon's board of education has purchased a tract of land in the new Ninth ward for a modern grade school building.

Commissioners of Snyder, Union and Northumberland counties met at the old wooden bridge crossing the Susquehanna at Blue Hill to Northumberland and agreed to jointly share \$15,000 in repairs, a third each.

Rudolph Dusick, aged 29, Holly-wood miner, caught under a fall of coal in Hazleton No. 1 colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, died at the State Hospital at Hazleton.

Firing after a fleeing chicken thief, Otto St. Clair, of near Ligonier, accidentally shot himself in the leg, inflicting a painful wound.

The Ross Private Foreign Exchange Bank, at New Castle, was closed by State Bank Examiner L. R. Lloyd because of alleged irregularities.

Rev. J. L. Prondt, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Conneville, has indicated that he may enter the majority race in that borough.

Denied the privileges of storing a barrel of elder in the cellar of his parents' home at Middleburg, Harry Reister, 23, killed himself by putting

a bullet into his brain.

His name eliminated from the slackers' list, Boleslaw Borsal, of Lackawanna county, is declared by the war department to have served with the Polish army in the world war.

The contract for a commodious clubhouse for the new Blairmont Country Club, near Hollidaysburg, has been awarded and work on it will begin at once, at a cost of \$150,000.

Alderman Windsor, at Harrisburg, held Harry Brindle, former state employee, in \$2500 bail on the charge of embezzling state funds. Brindle waived a hearing.

Miss Mayme O'Connell, one of Fayette county's first women mail carriers, is under arrest in Uniontown, charged with larceny of money from the U. S. mails. She waived a hearing before Alderman J. J. Michael, and was held for federal court under \$1000 bail. Miss O'Connell, who resides in South Union township, has been delivering mail on rural route No. 3 for the last two years, having secured the position during war times when men applicants were scarce. Postoffice inspectors claim the girl did not deliver a decoy letter sent to a resident of Newcomer, near here. It is said Miss O'Connell admitted taking \$3.50 from the letter. It is also claimed that she admitted tampering with two other letters. She covered her route in a Ford runabout.

While there is an oversupply of men for other positions, few want to be policemen in Hazleton. Only two took the civil service examination to qualify as applicants for long-standing vacancies on the force, which has been handicapped for two years on account of a lack of officers.

Hunters' tradition declares a rattlesnake's bite will kill a dog as well as a human being. But hunters can be mistaken. A mongrel belonging to Gordon Welshans, of Oriole, near Jersey Shore, has survived the ordeal, having been struck in the face by a rattler six days ago. Farmer Welshan's party was picking huckleberries on the mountain, while the dog poked among the bushes to rout out a rabbit or a woodchuck. He disturbed an eight-button rattler which bit him in the face. The pickers killed the snake, but the dog, whose face looked as if he had the mumps, disappeared. He has just returned home, a distance of fifteen miles, very much weakened, but will live. His face was covered with mud, the canine remedy for snake bite, hornet stings and like troubles.

Arlo Smith, of Wilkes-Barre, was probably fatally hurt when the automobile in which he and his family were riding overturned on the steep Scott's Hill, near Berwick.

The Lehigh Valley railroad is assembling all its coal cars at Hazleton and at other anthracite centers for the rush anticipated next month when the demand for fuel opens. The management of the line has pushed the campaign to get rid of foreign-owned rolling stock and recover the Valley's own equipment to the point where a gondola with any other name on it than Lehigh Valley is a rarity.

Court in Scranton has handed down a decision upholding the findings of Judge George W. Maxey in the case against Frank Christian, John G. Haynes and James Pearn, of the People's Coal company, charged with contempt of court in mining under certain parts of West Scranton. Judge Maxey, in his decision, imposed fines aggregating \$240,000 on the three defendants. The papers handed down by the court include an attachment in which Sheriff Jacob Schlager is ordered to produce the three defendants before Judge Maxey in court on Tuesday, when final judgment will be entered. Attorneys for the defendants plan to carry the case to higher courts, when this stage of the proceedings are reached.

Ye Moon Ah, the only Chinese student enrolled in the public schools of Altoona, is preparing to visit his mother in China.

Joseph A. Conrad has been appointed postmaster at Latrobe.

Bloomsburg's Republican Women's Club disregarded party lines at its caucus and endorsed Bruce Hartman, a Democrat, for president of town council.

Robbed and thrown from a high bridge at Martin, John J. Spear, aged 33, of Keister, is in the Uniontown Hospital in a serious condition.

Milton's master barbers announced a reduction in the price of haircuts to 25 cents from 50 cents, the prevailing price. Shaves will be 15 cents instead of 20 cents.

Charged with breaking into the rectory of the St. Thomas Church, at Footedale, Joseph Stemick, Joseph Seech and Michael Andrews, all under 12 years, were committed to the Fayette county jail to await a hearing.

DR. FAHRNE

Hagerstown, Maryland

DIAGNOSTICIAN

The Dr. Fahrneys have been practicing medicine and have made a specialty of chronic diseases for over 101 years. I am working only with chronic diseases - bad kinds - difficult cases - and I diagnose your case before I treat you. If you have a trouble or weakness or deformity, write to me and I'll study your case and give satisfaction.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND. Laxative. For Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Constipation, Colic, etc. Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

JAPAN SEES NO BAR TO ACCORD

OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF HER PRELIMINARY POSITION ON IMPORTANT MATTER.

WOULD AVOID ALL CONFLICT

Ready to Restore Kiaochau to China and to Evacuate Troops From Eastern Siberia as Soon as Satisfactory Arrangements Are Made.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.
Washington.—Washington's interest in the forthcoming disarmament and Far East conference is sharper concerning the attitude that Japan is likely to take than it is in the positions which any of the other conferring nations may assume.

It has been possible to obtain an authoritative specific statement of Japan's position as related to certain of the most perplexing problems that are to be discussed at the forthcoming meeting.

It probably may be well to know in advance how the Japanese feel on certain matters. What is here set down on the affairs touched upon is official, and it was secured by your correspondent exclusively. The quotations follow:

"The Japanese desire to avoid unfortunate situations, such as developed at the peace conference in Paris, where for one reason and another it was made to appear that the United States was pitted in diplomatic conflict with first one great power and then another, till, by the time the Versailles treaty was finally agreed upon, practically all the powers were discredited in America.

"The Tokyo government now seeks to avoid, if possible, even the appearance of conflict between American interests and policies and Japanese interests and policies. In the opinion of most Japanese statesmen there is no issue that should not and could not be settled, both amicably and speedily, and they on their part are willing to go more than half way to reach any compromise and agreement.

Japan's Position on Shantung.

"The three most important matters are the status of Yap, the concessions in Shantung, and the presence of Japanese troops in eastern Siberia. The most difficult of these problems seems to be that of the concessions in Shantung. The present situation in Shantung was fixed by the Versailles treaty. By that treaty Germany renounces in favor of Japan the lease of Kiaochau and those of her rights that respect the railway from the port of Tsingtao, in Kiaochau bay to Tsinanfu.

"To maintain order and security in Kiaochau and also to protect the Tsingtao-Tsinanfu railway from lawless elements that infest the regions the Japanese have maintained up to the present military guards of not more than 2,000 men in Tsingtao and along the railway.

"Japan has, however, repeatedly declared her readiness to return Kiaochau in full sovereignty to China, to withdraw all her troops now stationed in Tsingtao and in the railway zone, and to make that railway an effective joint Sino-Japanese undertaking. It is obviously impossible for Japan to give effect to that declaration until arrangements shall have been made between Japan and China."

Then this official statement which I have secured goes on to say that China's attitude has been hesitant, although Japan has more than once invited China to enter into the negotiations.

Why They Keep Troops in Siberia.
The official pronouncement then takes up the Eastern Siberia question as follows:

"With regard to Eastern Siberia, Japanese interests and Japanese subjects, established in that sparsely settled region as a result of treaty rights accorded by the former Russian government, have been given little or no protection since the rise of the Bolshevik regime. Many Japanese have suffered not only personal hardship and pecuniary losses, but actual assault and even massacre. Nevertheless, out of the three provinces of Eastern Siberia, where Japanese troops originally were stationed, two provinces already have been completely evacuated.

"It is only in the southern frontier region of the maritime province, including Vladivostok, that these troops still are maintained. Yet it is the intention of Japan to withdraw her troops from this region also as soon as adequate provision is made for the protection of lives and property of Japanese residents and for the defense of the border of Korea."

Then the official statement takes up Yap as follows:

"As to Yap, the question is actually under discussion between the American and Japanese governments, and there is every indication of an early settlement of the controversy satisfactory to all parties alike.

"Japan has nothing to lose by its policy of conciliation toward China and is anxious, therefore, to reach with the United States, Great Britain and other interested powers the fairest and quickest accord that will determine and settle the status of the various foreign nations which have interests in that troubled country."

Printing Bill to Be Reduced.
Members of congress have heard

that the public printer and the director of the budget between them intend to save a large part of the fourteen-million dollars which it was estimated it would cost this year to pay Uncle Sam's printing bill. In other words, the estimates are to be cut radically.

Fourteen millions is a large sum of money, but when men are talking in billions it does not seem to be such a staggering sum after all. Nevertheless the hope is to bring the bill down as close as possible to the pre-war figures, which were about eight millions of dollars. If six or seven millions can be saved it is worth while.

The intention is to lop off here and lop off there from the printing expenses, and this of course means that a lot of government material which ordinarily has been put through the press will go into the waste paper basket, or in manuscript form will be eaten by the office cat or disposed of surreptitiously in some way by the printer's devil.

Everybody who receives public documents from the printing office believes that a lot of stuff is printed, which never should have been put through the press, but it must be remembered that this is the individual viewpoint, and what does not interest one man may interest another. So, broadly speaking, it is impossible for any one person to pass judgment on the general value of much of the printed material which the public shop turns out for the reading public.

Congressional Record is Expensive.

All the foregoing has reference, however, to documents which come from the departments of government, and it has nothing whatsoever to do with the Congressional Record which is, as its name implies, a record of the doings in congress, including the speeches.

As someone else has put it: "Locality in the senate and house account for the largest single item of expenditure—\$500,000 to print and circulate the Congressional Record, which has a daily circulation of 82,000 to 85,000."

Each representative in congress is entitled to 60 copies each day of the Record, while each senator gets 88 copies. Of course the senators and representatives put favored constituents on their mailing lists for Congressional Records and keep some copies for themselves. Taking it by and large, the numbers of free copies are not many, but there is a great deal printed in the Congressional Record which is intended only to exploit, for his constituents' sake, the personal and political views of the individual congressman.

In order that the folk back in the home district may know that their representative in congress is familiar with the classics, or that he likes to read modern poetry and essays, speech after speech has been printed in the Congressional Record at considerable cost to the people. The representative "continues his remarks in the Record," and the folks at home think that he is a most learned man, and that every word that appears in print was spoken on the floor, which frequently is not the case.

In the saving of money it is probable that a good many manuscripts worth while may be thrown out, or because of advance information, may not be printed or never may be prepared. It is going to be a hard job to discriminate between the worthy and the worthless, but somebody with good horse sense will be assigned to the task.

Advice to the Farmer.

There is no definite way by which the various departments of government can determine just what material which they send out in public print form is the best worth while. Of course, from some articles they get large returns in comment from the daily press and in letters from interested persons all over the country. However, there are certain elements in the community which rarely write letters, notably the individual farmers.

If the farmers of the country find that they are particularly interested in some line of governmental publications the wisest course for them to pursue, if they want the printing on the subject to continue, is to write letters of interest and commendation to the Agricultural department. This probably will insure the continued publication of particularly interesting material.

A large amount of the printed matter which goes from the government to the country is educational in its scope. All of it is intended so to be, but there are men in the government departments, as there are men in congress, who yield to the desire occasionally to air their own views without much regard to the probabilities or possibilities that their views may be of no interest to other people.

Lake Poets Marked by Simplicity.

The term "Lake Poets" was applied by the Edinburgh Review, early in the Nineteenth century, to a group of poets, whose chief representatives—Wordsworth, Southey and Coleridge—dwelt in the lake district of England. The Lake Poets protested against the stiff and formal poetry in vogue, and were distinguished by their simplicity of style and close adherence to Nature. Lamb, Lloyd and Wilson also were included under the designation. The lake district is a region in the northwestern part of England comprising the counties of Westmoreland and Cumberland, together with a small part of Lancashire. There are about sixteen lakes in the district, which extends about thirty miles north and south and twenty-five miles east and west, and abounds in picturesque and sublime scenery. It is visited annually by thousands of tourists.



IRONIES OF LIFE

"TOMUELSON made a talk to the Commercial club, on 'Business Efficiency,'" observed the retired merchant, "and the next day his store was closed by the sheriff."

"Life is full of such ironies, doggone it," said the hotel-keeper. "Low down jokes are being played on the best of us, almost every day, and I often wonder what sort of an evil genius is behind it all."

"I used to know a man who was a wonderful horse breaker. He used to give public exhibitions, taming man-killing brutes, and the way he could make them eat out of his hand, half an hour after being formally introduced to them, was a sight worth going miles to see. He always had immense crowds at his exhibitions, and it seemed that his future was assured. But one day he was loading around a livery stable, just because he liked the atmosphere of the place, and an old, weary hack horse reached out a long, crooked limb, handed him one with it, and broke his leg."

"He had to go to a hospital for a while, and when he came out, his occupation was gone. He was as good a horse breaker as ever, but people wouldn't pay their hard-earned money to see the exploits of a conquering hero who had been manhandled by an old hack horse. You must admit that there was some sardonic intelligence back of such a joke as that. If the man had been hooked by a cow, or run over by a traction engine, or chewed up by an honest watchdog, it wouldn't have hurt his renown and prestige. But, no! A blamed old relic of a horse had to put him out of business."

"A long time ago, a very important case was tried in an Irish court. The people were greatly wrought up over it, and the courtroom was crowded. When it was announced that the jury was ready with a verdict, the judge addressed the audience, saying he knew there was much feeling over the case, but the hall of justice was no place for a display of it, and if there was a least sign of disturbance when the verdict was made known, the guilty parties would be arrested."

"The jury brought in its verdict, and the people heard it in silence, but just then a whole doggone gallery, with about a thousand people in it, came crashing down, and the noise could have been heard forty miles out at sea. After the judge's solemn warning against a disturbance, the fall of that gallery has always seemed to me like a painful joke."

"A long time ago, I was called upon to address a crowd of voters on the living issues of the day, and I framed up a speech that would have been a credit to any orator. I swiped it from Roscoe Conkling, and I have always insisted that he was one of the greatest of American speakers. The house was full of refined and cultured people, and I was determined to make the hit of my life. I was just getting warmed up to my work, when the lights went out, and the hall was plunged in black darkness. There's nothing makes a man feel more idiotic than to have the lights shut off at such a time. The women in the audience were giggling, and the men were hawking. It seemed funny to everybody but me."

"I thought I knew where the little table was, that held the pitcher of ice water, and I moved toward it, and fell over a chair, and flattened my nose against the edge of a piece of scenery. When the lights were flashed on again, as suddenly as they went out, the audience beheld the silver-tongued orator on his hands and knees, climbing slowly to his feet, and trying to mold his nose into its original shape."

"I never saw such a delirious crowd in my life. Some of the women laughed themselves into hysterics, and the fool men weren't much better. They never heard the balance of that oration, and the last part was the best."

"Why, yes," answered Webster, slowly.

"My name was Dallas—not now; I've changed it. You got me free, you gave me a great lecture. A relative left me a fortune. I have kept track of you. I heard of your trouble."

"And you have saved the bank?" cried the grateful Webster.

Webster paid back his grateful friend in need. He did not tell even Ethel the story. Down deep in his heart, however, he fervently cherished the gratitude of the reformed criminal who had saved the bank at a critical juncture.

"Why, yes," answered Webster, slowly.

"Have you ever known a doctor to take his own medicine?"

"I certainly have. A few years ago when I crossed the Atlantic, a doctor on board prescribed champagne for my seasickness and whenever it was time for a dose he'd come around and join me."—Boston Transcript.

A caterpillar will in the course of a month eat food weighing 6,000 times as much as its own body.

Cash Saves a Bank and Cupid

By HAZEL SMITH

(© 1921, Western Newspaper Union.)

Randal Webster, the young and handsome president of the Bank of Greenville, opened the door of his private office. He glanced into the counting room, and beyond it at the jostling crowds in the street outside. Then with a groan he sank to a chair, the picture of despairing misery.

"It has come," he told himself in a harsh, racking whisper—"the worst, the end!"

There came a tap at the door. The young financier sprang to his feet. A brief, vague hope gave him momentary energy. Then his soul seemed to die within him, as his cashier entered the room with a face blanched and fear-crossed as his own.

"Any word?" projected Webster, hoarsely.

"None. Mr. Webster, we must face the crisis, the worst of rumors as to the solvency of the institution have got abroad. A mob of depositors from the mills is in front of the bank. They are wrought up and dangerous."

"How much is there in the bank in ready cash?"

"Less than \$10,000."

"Pay it out to the last dollar as slowly as you can. If we can tide over for a few hours help may come."

"And if it does not—and when the money gives out?" questioned the cashier, fearfully.

"Put up a sign and close the bank."

Left to himself, the young banker reviewed the situation. The report was current that the bank was going to fail. Result: The frantic, desperate mob of frightened depositors now clamoring at the great locked doors.

Webster had sent a trusted employee of the bank to a rich relative in the city. He carried an urgent appeal for succor. The messenger had not reported.

A grayer shade of feeling covered the features of the young financier as he thought of the one dearest to him in all the world—Ethel Morris. They were to have been wedded in a month, but if the bank broke—then Webster well knew her proud, exclusive family would scarcely favor a discredited bankrupt. It was a forlorn fight for business preservation and love.

Webster hurried into the counting room as a great outcry arose. He hoped it was his messenger arriving; he feared it was a new riot. It lacked just five minutes of ten. A remarkable scene greeted his sight.

A whiskered, farmer-looking man was talking to the excited crowd. He was waving a great bundle of bank notes in one hand. There was a cheer. In his other hand the stranger carried an old battered satchel. With it he pounded on the door.

"Let me in. I must get in!" the astonished Webster heard him shout out, and then to the people: "Don't get scared. Randal Webster is an honest man, and the Bank of Greenville is solid as a rock!"

"Where is Mr. Webster?" he demanded. "Ah, there he is," and he approached the counter and nodded to the wondering banker. "Remember me, Mr. Webster?"

"See here," and he began to bring from his pockets bundle after bundle of bank notes. There's \$20,000. Use it."

The man piled up bundle after bundle of crisp green bank notes.

"Shove them up against the glass where they will show," ordered the stranger. "Only, don't pay out any of this heap. You won't need to. That pile, the real cash paid out right along, will soon tame that unruly mob."

"Ten o'clock," announced the dumb-founded cashier. "Open up."

The stranger drew to one side, as if enjoying the scene. The astounded Webster was soon too busy to notice him. The eager crowd filed in; everybody was paid promptly. Within an hour the news went all over town that the bank was safe.

With a great sigh of relief Randal Webster beckoned the stranger into his private room.

"Now then," he said, "what does this all mean and who are you?"

"You don't know me, eh?" he said. "Well, I'm bringing you back some of the bread you cast upon the waters five years ago."

"You was a lawyer then, and you defended in the city a member of a gang of counterfeiters. Now do you remember?"

"Why, yes," answered Webster, slowly.

"My name was Dallas—not now; I've changed it. You got me free, you gave me a great lecture. A relative left me a fortune. I have kept track of you. I heard of your trouble."

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STANDARD BREEDS OF FOWLS

Poultry Keeper Should Select Breed Best Adapted to His Purpose and Locality.

Leaving out of consideration the breeds kept as novelties, all the standard American breeds of fowls have been made and developed on the general principle of practical quality as the foundation of breed character and value. In harmony with this principle, the common classification of breeds according to their places in the general scheme of poultry production divides them into three principal classes: laying breeds, meat breeds and general-purpose breeds—that is, breeds that are not as ready and persistent egg producers as the laying breeds, and not as meaty and as easy to fatten as the meat breeds, yet combine in one individual fowl very good laying capacity with very good table quality.

The Leghorn, Minorca, Andalusian, Ancona and Campine are well-known breeds of the laying class; the Brahma, Dorking, and Cornish of the meat class; the Plymouth Rock, Wyandotte, Rhode Island Red and Orpington of the general-purpose class.

The breeds of the laying class, with the exception of the Minorca, are relatively small, very energetic and lively, mature early, and are easily kept in good laying condition. The Minorca is of larger size and modified somewhat in the other particulars mentioned, yet has more the character of the laying class than of any other.

In the meat breeds there is not the same uniformity of type that is found in the laying breeds. The three mentioned differ decidedly. The Brahma is most popular because it is at the same time the largest and most rugged in constitution. The Dorking excels in quality of meat, but is generally considered somewhat lacking in hardiness. The Cornish is rather



Plymouth Rock Prize Winners.

hard meaty but, being very short feathered, has its special place as a large meat-producing fowl in southern sections where the more heavily feathered Brahma does not stand the summer well.

Among the popular breeds of the general-purpose class there are also differences in type, adapting breeds to different uses. The Plymouth Rock is generally regarded as the type meeting the widest range of requirements in the general-purpose class.

The Wyandotte is a little smaller and earlier maturing, but still very well meated and easy to fatten.

The Rhode Island Red has nearly the same standards of weight as the Wyandotte, but is a more active bird, not putting on fat so readily. Consequently, it approaches the laying type and is most popular with those who want eggs and meat, but want eggs most.

The Orpington is at the other extreme in the general-purpose class, being a heavier, meatier fowl than the Plymouth Rock.

Such a list of breeds affords so wide a range of choice that poultry keepers can always select a standard breed better adapted to their locality and their purpose than any non-standard stock they can procure, say poultry specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. A flock of standard-bred fowl will have the further advantage of reproducing true to type.

MAKE PROGRESS WITH FOWLS

Select Best Individuals for Breeding Whether for Table, Show or Egg Production.

Whether the purpose of poultry breeding be for the show, for table stock or for egg producers, the best progress will be made by picking out the best individuals in the flock as breeders rather than by breeding from the flock as a whole.

COMPEL FOWLS TO EXERCISE

Thick Litter of Straw, Leaves or Something of That Kind Will Keep Birds Scratching.

In all henhouses there should be a thick litter of straw, hay, leaves or something of that kind into which the grain can be put to compel exercise. When the fowls are confined to the house, or the house and yard, they need exercise to keep in good health.



BUICK



It is one thing to buy a car. And another to buy economical transportation. Dependability, Service and Quality in an Automobile.

There is an element of safety in the purchase of a BUICK and the service back of it, that is hard to duplicate and is just as good for the man who doesn't know a car as for the one who does.

The Buick Guarantee is in effect for ONE YEAR from date of purchase.

Note:—Facts of car performance are better than claims for performance—Facts back the BUICK.

Have You Seen The NEW BUICK FOUR?

SAMSON TRUCKS

AND

SAMSON TRACTORS

Are Hard to Beat

Several good used BUICK SIXES for the man that wants a safe used car at the right price.

The Accessory Store

Bedford Garage Accessory Store has made a host of friends this season.

It's the Large and Up-to-Date Stock together with prompt and courteous treatment, as well as prompt shipment of goods to out of town patrons that has won for this store. Bedford Garage is never closed—Hence the store is always open.

"Everything for the Motorist"

BEDFORD GARAGE

SCHELLSBURG

Miss Mary Fritzmons, of Pittsburgh, is visiting her mother and sister.

Misses Alice and Frances Rock, of Conway, are guests of their grandmother, Mrs. Louisa Rock.

Mr. James A. Miller spent several days over the week-end at Altoona. Mr. and Mrs. Will Culp, of Wilkesburg, are spending a few days with his cousin, C. B. Culp.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Reformed church will hold a "Mite" social at the home of James Horne, a short distance south of town Friday evening, September 2.

Miss Helen Metger, of Frostburg and Janet Smucker, of Virginia, spent several days with the former's parents, Rev. and Mrs. George Metger.

Rev. L. P. Young, of Ellick, will hold services in the Lutheran church, Saturday afternoon, September 3, and communion services Sunday morning, September 4.

Mrs. J. R. Hartman, of Cairo, Ill., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Snively.

Our schools will open on Monday, September 12.

Miss Maude Beaver spent several days with friends at Riddlesburg.

John Metger left Sunday for New Kensington where he will teach in coming winter.

The game of ball played on Saturday between Schellsburg and Mann's Choice was another success for our home team, the score being 23—3. One of our players, John Metger, was hit on the head by the bat flying out of the hands of one of our strikers and cutting a large gash in it. He was taken to Bedford and Dr. Enfield put three stitches in the wound.

NEW PARIS

John Mitchell, of Lorain, Ohio, was the guest of his brother, Henry Mitchell, last week.

Wesley Black and Miss Jennie Hight, of Brooklyn, are spending an outing at the home of James D. Stultz.

E. H. Studebaker and wife, of South Bend, Ind., were guests at the home of Hall Davis last week.

E. D. Weaver had the pleasure of entertaining his mother, Mrs. Uriah Weaver, his brother, Lewis, and Mrs. Ralph Lehman, of Seal Level not long since.

G. E. Miller and wife, of Pitcairne, W. I. Davis and wife, Blair Fontz and William Sidman, of Bellwood, were callers at the home of A. J. Crissman recently.

Rev. J. Winwood and family had the pleasure of entertaining the following persons last week: Mrs. Thornton Baldwin, Miss Permelia Baldwin, Miss Permelia Ritenour, John Richard Baldwin, of Fayette City and Elizabeth Branch, of Belle Vernon.

James A. Ralston, wife and two sons, of Wilmerding, spent a short vacation with relatives and friends in his vicinity returning home on Saturday.

The Mentzer clan spent an enjoyable day at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Oldham near New Paris on August 14. The visiting party had prepared and brought with them a bountiful supply of good things to eat and had planned to take lunch on the lawn, but owing to the rain, it was served in the house. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Harry Horner and children, Harry, Irene, Eva, Marian, Donald and Robert, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ritenour, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Horner, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Keeper, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Noland and sons, Ray and Earl, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Walter and children, Irene, Ruth, Grace and Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. Scott Koontz, George Mentzer and daughter Mabel, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Miller and children, Daisy, Ruth and Chester, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mentzer, Mr. and Mrs. Myles Barkheimer and sons, Clarence and Paul, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Seese and children, John Norman, Alice, Florence, Ada and Russell, Mrs. Matthew Atkinson and daughter, Clara, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Grimes and son, Joe, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Munson and son, Charles, Mrs. Lewis Lehman and daughter, Louise, Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Oldham and daughter, Isabelle, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Oldham and daughter, Betty, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ream, Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Horner, Mrs. G. H. McCreary, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Seese and son, Aaron Mentzer, Hazel Martin, May and Alvin Deester, Dean and James Boyer, Ruth, George and Ray McDonald, Ray and Will Mentzner, Della and Emmert Ferry, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Oldham and children, Daisie, Emma, William, Homer and Romanus.

The 10th annual reunion of the Miller clan, held in the Bowser grove south of New Paris on August 20 was a success. The crowd was estimated at five thousand people. An excellent program was presented in the afternoon. The winners of prizes in the games were as follows: Sack race, ages 10 to 12, Mervin Miller; ages 12 to 16, Ralph Miller; three-legged race, Mervin Miller and Charles Seese; potato race, Randall McCreary; race for men, Foster Miller; race for boys, Mervin Miller.

Officers elected for the coming year were: President, Irvin A. Miller, Fishertown; Vice-President, John H. Miller, Helixville; Secretary, William G. Kallman, Helixville; Assistant Secretary, Ralph Kinzey, Johnstown; Treasurer, Rufus Miller, Helixville.

What about the coal men, who according to Senator Calder mulct the country to the extent of a billion and a half in a year, is nothing to be done with them. Is it possible that they can defy the government?

THE COAL MEN

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ROUND KNOB

The farmers are all getting ready to put out their fall crops.

Albert S. Figard, wife and son, John attended the fair at Altoona on Tuesday last.

Wilson Conner has moved to the house vacated by Ted Thomas.

Thomas Clark is suffering with diphtheria. We hope for his speedy recovery.

Gladys Grace presented her husband, Clinton, with a dish washer last Wednesday.

Wade H. Figard, wife and daughter, Amelia visited Mrs. Figard's sister, Mrs. Owen Osborn in Altoona last week, and while there attended the Blair County Fair.

C. C. Foster is making quite an improvement by putting a wall under his house.

The ball game between Saxton and Coledale, which was a very interesting one, resulted in a score of 5—4 in favor of Coledale.

Mike Goworty, wife and family visited at the home of Albert S. Figard on Sunday last.

Harvey Dixon and Leo Swope visited at the home of Wade H. Figard on Tuesday last.

Daisy.

HELIKVILLE

The people of our vicinity were very much shocked last Saturday morning on hearing of the death of Miss Ida Slack, of Schellsburg. She was our last winter's teacher here, and had won the good will of everybody in our community.

Many people from a distance attended the Miller reunion last Saturday.

Grant Horne and family of Ohio, visited the former's mother here over Saturday and Sunday.

J. B. Findley and family, Grant Horne and family, Daniel Miller and daughter, Lucy, made a trip on Monday to Gettysburg.

Miss Eleanor Gordon, after visiting friends and relatives in Windber and Johnstown the past several days, returned to her home at D. S. Findley's on Sunday.

Mrs. William Beneish and children, of Johnstown, are visiting with Ed. Hinson and family.

Nate Miller purchased a Ford last week.

Emanuel Miller and family of Center County spent Saturday night and Sunday with William Hinsons and H. C. Mickels.

Dame Rumor says there is to be a wedding in our vicinity this week.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC

All the Sunday Schools of Friend's Cove will meet at Clayto, Smith's sugar grove on Saturday, September 3, and hold their annual picnic. Everybody invited. The program will begin at 10:30 a. m.

HOW PRINCE UDINE GAVE CAPITAL A SEVERE SHOCK TOLD BY DANIELS

By Josephus Daniels
Former Secretary of the Navy

ARTICLE 9

The coming of Prince Udine to the capital brought to Washington society, not only one of its most pleasurable thrills, but, beyond all question, its most agitated shock. Of the latter the Prince was the innocent and unconscious cause.

Washington society like the society of all other American cities, gave itself with whole-hearted devotion to war service. Youth and beauty and charm engaged in arduous tasks for the Red Cross or the Liberty Loan campaign, and many a society belle went weary to her bed at night as a result of having done a real day's work for her country.

All of us who bore something of the burden in those days knew the joy and satisfaction to be derived from a sense of exhaustion every tired tingle of which was due to the expenditure of strength, for the sake of America.

But there had to be hours of relaxation, times when the strain was relieved by diversion. Min dan dnerv could not stand the high pressure continuously.

Missions Supply Relaxation

The theatres, the movies, golf, baseball—these all helped rational morale. They were as necessary as the stimulating appeals of posters and martial music and flags.

So it happened that in Washington the missions from the allied nations served a double purpose.

Their primary purpose, of course, was to lay before the American government all the facts and conditions without reserve, and to place before responsible officials the true situation as they had learned it. But a secondary purpose which Washington discovered for them was to provide excuse for that relaxation which everybody felt was requisite, but which seemed to demand some extraordinary occasion in order to justify it.

Our distinguished guests must be entertained. It was a patriotic duty to see that they were treated with the utmost hospitality. It was a duty we owed, not alone to ourselves, but to the common cause. These men who came out of the atmosphere of war, with the weight of nations on their shoulders, were entitled to their hour of play, and it was our privilege to play with them.

Youth Has Its Claims

It may be that there were those who regarded this phase of our war duties with greater pleasure and interest than some others, but youth is youth, and love and laughter and the dance—even in war time—are youth's right. Those who visited London during the dark days when Taubes and Zeppelins were raiding the metropolis remember that many a brilliant gathering was to be seen in the dining rooms and ballrooms of the great hotels, and that entertaining the soldier on furlough or the sailor with shore leave was regarded as a mandatory duty and a high privilege.

On all of the missions which came to America there were men, of course for whom the lighter forms of entertainment held no attraction. But on all, or nearly all, there were men, young, high-spirited and socially inclined who welcomed the opportunity to meet our American women and girls, to exchange compliments and to dance with them.

The Italian mission was composed of the most delightful gentlemen, with all the Latin grace and courtesy and the Latin skill for paying a delicate compliment in the most fascinating manner.

Prince Captivates Washington

But Prince Udine was the man who, from the first, provoked the interest and won the favor of Washington society.

To begin with, the prince was a cousin of the king of Italy, which enhanced the value of his title. Furthermore, he was unmarried, and in these days unmarried princes are showing an inclination to seek wives in spheres less elevated than their own. Beyond this, he was handsome, charming and danced divinely—what more could you ask?

Society was thrilled! Society pursued the prince. There were many receptions and dances. The prince was tactful in conferring his smiles, and many of the most beautiful belles of the capital danced with him.

The series of events reached a climax in a big ball at which the prince was the guest of honor.

That night he was more gracious and charming than ever. He danced almost continuously and with impartial appreciation for the youth and loveliness which thronged the ballroom.

With proud thoughts of the impression they had made upon the romantic seion of Italian royalty the captivating daughters of Washington returned to their homes in the early morning following a perfect night.

Society Gets a Shock

Memory would dwell happily upon that night for years to come.

Then, suddenly, rumor! "No! Who said so! Preposterous! Why, I danced with him—you don't suppose?—Oh, this is terrible!"

Washington gossip told many an extraordinary tale of the panic that spread through Washington society circles.

Doctors were consulted. Faces were examined for any possible hint of an eruption.

Friends who were companions in peril, through having danced with the prince, were called into conference as to the safety measures which should be taken.

Gossip says that frightened maidens did some grotesque things by way of prevention. It is not related that any of them went through the ceremony of bathing three times in the sacred waters of the Potomac, but that must be because it did not

occur to any of them to try this plan. Beyond all doubt for twenty-four hours Washington society was agog and alarmed.

It was shocked, thoroughly shocked, because rumor whispered that Prince Udine had the smallpox!

Rumor said he was quarantined. But rumor, as is so frequently the case, was exaggerative and mendacious.

Was Only the Measles

Worried fathers and husbands making discreet but anxious inquiry learned the truth.

His royal highness had a mild attack of measles.

The relief was tremendous. Ladies who had felt all the symptoms of smallpox, and whose minds were agitated with the thought of isolation hospitals and—far worse—beauty forever marred by the possible permanent traces of the disease upon fair brow or velvet cheek, recovered their equanimity.

After all measles were only measles. It was inconvenient, uncomfortable, temporarily disfiguring, but with care, merely a passing indisposition.

The prince was really paying this great democracy a tribute of devotion by submitting his princely person to so democratic a complaint.

Moreover, if one had to have measles, it was certainly better, under the circumstances, to have an Italian variety than to be humiliated by suffering from German measles.

Take It as "Royal Gift"

Indeed one vivacious beauty, after fully considering all the possibilities, declared:

"I am a good sport. They say that every person must have measles soon or late; and the sooner the less trouble. I am a young thing, and if I must contract, how much more fun it is to have it as a royal gift, rather than to pick it up unromantically on a pullman or in a store!"

None of this got into the newspapers, for since the prince was a royal personage, he was granted certain privileges and immunities. So when the prince, after a few days of retirement, appeared again, as debonair, as charming as ever, he was without any suspicion of the sensations which he had provoked up and down the best spinal columns in Washington.

The city greeted him with unfeigned pleasure, and he had no trouble finding willing partners at the next dance.

Don't Forget Business

But it would be most unfair to Prince Udine to permit the impression to remain with the reader that he was merely a man of social charm and urbane accomplishments. Prince Udine was in this country on serious business, and no dance or other pleasure was allowed for a moment to interfere with its transaction. He was most eager to promote understanding and sympathy between the United States and his country, and to explain to us the desperate need of Italy for coal and ships. In these efforts he was ably seconded by the other members of the mission.

I met them all again in Rome, shortly after the armistice, where I was accorded every honor and hospitality as the representative of the United States navy, which thorough-out the war had maintained the most cordial relations with the Italian navy.

I liked Rome greatly. The balmy air after the dampness of Paris, was like our glorious Maytime in the south—indeed the climate of Rome and Raleigh are not unlike.

Prince a Real Man

In Rome I learned that Prince Udine did not depend upon relationship to the king. In his own right he had risen to a high place as an officer in the Italian navy, and during the war, was as diligent in his hazardous work as was the king himself, who rarely saw home from the day war was declared until peace came. Royalty survived in Italy when thrones were tottering because the king was a soldier, sharing the hardships of his men at the front, and the queen endeared herself by ministrations and personal service to the wounded and sick. Rank gave privilege, but in war the royal family found their only privilege, is service.

Our happy relations in Italy were due in no small degree to the personality of our ambassador at Rome. No American ever fitted into that position more ideally than Thomas Nelson Page, Virginian, lover of history and maker of literature, he walked into the hearts of Italians, and from the Italian mission in Washington I learned of their affection and admiration for him. Ambassador Page had much of the charm you find in the Italian scholar and artist and statesman. My visit to Rome revealed more fully the esteem in which that accomplished diplomat was held. (Another article by former Secretary Daniels will be printed next week.)

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

Sunday School 'Lesson'

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D.,
Teacher of English Bible in the Moody
Bible Institute of Chicago.)
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LESSON FOR AUGUST 28

FROM ASIA TO EUROPE.

LESSON TEXT—Acts 16:6-18.
GOLDEN TEXT—And they said, believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved, and thy house shall be saved, and thy house shall be saved.

REFERENCE MATERIAL—Rom. 15:15-21.

PRIMARY TOPIC—A Wonderful Dream.
JUNIOR TOPIC—Paul Crosses Over Into Europe.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Beginning Work on a New Continent.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Paul Carries the Gospel to Europe.

I. Forbidden by the Holy Spirit to Preach the Word (vv. 6-8).

We have here a lesson on divine guidance. The inclination of Paul and his companions was to tarry in the provinces of Asia preaching the word, but contrary to their inclination they were hurried along. They might have reasoned "What difference would it make as to where we preach, just so the Gospel is preached?" Though seemingly small, the question as to whether the Gospel should be preached among the people in the East or in the West has determined the entire history of the church. Had they preached among the people in the East, Christianity would never have become worldwide. On the other hand, by laying hold upon the Grecian intellect and combining with it the push and energy of the Romans, it became worldwide. In the guidance of the Spirit we find Him just as active and as faithful in closing doors as in opening them. "The stops as well as the steps of a good man are ordered of the Lord." We ought to as truly recognize God's hand in the "shut-ins" as well as in the "open-outs."

II. Called to Macedonia (vv. 9-12).

A vision was given to Paul of a man from Macedonia pleading for help. This was the solution of the mystery of closed doors about them. There is a negative and a positive side to the Spirit's guidance. If we will note both we shall be able to determine with a surer the proper course of action. In order to be led aright we must be sure that we are willing to be led, pray definitely for leading, and then render willing obedience as fast as the light comes. As soon as the divine way was known they rendered immediate obedience.

III. The First Convert in Europe (vv. 13-15).

The missionaries went to Philippi. The Jewish element in this city was very insignificant; so much so that they could not afford a synagogue; therefore the devout people were accustomed to worship at the river side. To this humble gathering Paul came and preached to the women gathered there. A certain woman from Thyatira believed his message, and was baptized. Lydia was a woman of wealth, culture, and wide experience, and yet she had need of Christ. The steps in Lydia's conversion are worthy of note:

1. Attendance at the place of prayer (v. 13). This is the case with most people who are saved.

2. Listened to the preaching of the word of God (vv. 12-14). The instrument used by the Holy Spirit in the conversion of sinners is the word of God. "Faith cometh by hearing, and hearing by the word of God" (Rom. 10:17).

3. Her heart was opened by the Lord (v. 14). Regeneration is a supernatural work. When the Gospel is preached the Spirit of God makes it living and active, opening the sinner's heart for the reception of Christ.

4. She was baptized (v. 15). It is natural for the one who believes in Christ to desire to be baptized.

5. Her household also believed (v. 15). Thus we see that her's was a typical conversion.

IV. A Spirit of Divination Cast Out (vv. 16-18).

As the missionaries went out from day to day to the place of prayer they were accosted by a young woman possessed by a spirit of divination. She was owned by a syndicate of men who derived large gains from her soothsaying. This act of the woman became a great annoyance to Paul who, in the name of Jesus Christ, commanded the evil spirit to come out. Here is a case of a spiritual medium, a fortune-teller, being freed from demonic possession. Many men today are making money by the degradation of womanhood, and they resent all efforts to destroy their infernal business, even try to destroy those who interfere with their business. Here as everywhere Satan blocks the way as the Gospel of Christ is carried into new fields, but the Lord is again triumphant.

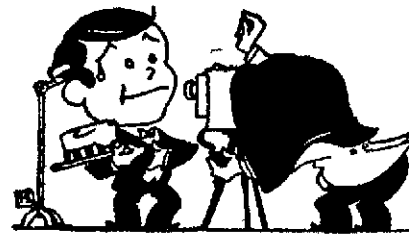
The Multitude of His Mercies.

For the Lord will not cast off forever; but though he cause grief, yet will he have compassion according to the multitude of his mercies. For he doth not afflict willingly nor grieve the children of men—Lamentations 3:31-33.

Word of Lord Was Precious.

And the child Samuel ministered unto the Lord before Eli. And the word of the Lord was precious in those days; there was no open vision. —1 Samuel, 3:1.

"I smiled—and he shot me"



AFTER MONTHS and months.
MY WIFE persuaded me.
TO HAVE it done.
SO I went around.
TO THE photographer.
AND GOT mugged.
WHEN THE pictures came.
I SHOWED them to a gang.
OF AMATEUR art critics.
AND PROFESSIONAL crabs.
DISGUISED AS friends.
WHO FAVORED me.
WITH SUCH remarks as.
"DOESN'T HE look natural?"
"HAS IT got a tail?"
"A GREAT resemblance."
AND THAT last one.
MADE ME sore.
SO WHEN friend wife.
ADDED HER howl.
I TRIED again.

THIS TIME they were great.
FOR HERE'S what happened.
THE PHOTOGRAPHER said.
"LOOK THIS way, please."
AND HELD up something.
AS HE pushed the button.
AND NO one could help.
BUT LOOK pleasant.
FOR WHAT he held up.
WAS A nice full pack.
OF THE cigarettes.
THAT SATISFY.

LIGHT up a Chesterfield and
sense the goodness of those
fine Turkish and Domestic to-
baccos in that wonderful Ches-
terfield blend. Taste that flavor!
Sniff that aroma! You'll regis-
ter "They Satisfy." You can't
help it.

Did you know about the
Chesterfield package of 10?

Chesterfield

They Satisfy

CIGARETTES

LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO CO.

And one man saw his opportunity

The old order of things in the automobile industry has been wiped off the slate. Former leaders have been outstripped by younger organizations. Other and newer names are on the lips of automobile buyers.

In the short space of four months Briscoe has become the unquestioned leader in its price class. It is no accident Briscoe occupies this new position. It is because one man saw an opportunity and seized it.

You and your neighbor know the automobile industry has gone through a period of readjustment. Prices were reduced overnight. A number of them rightly so. But many manufacturers forgot quality in their scramble to reduce prices. They shaved value, blind to everything except their competitors.

Particularly was this true in the light car field.

And then Clarence A. Earl, the new president of the Briscoe Motor Corporation, saw his opportunity. He knew the purchaser of the light car wanted quality at the right price. He knew an inferior car is poor value at any price. He realized there was a real market for a car of extra value at \$1085.

Lower material costs allowed Earl to reduce Briscoe's price \$200. But he stopped there. Earl didn't shave quality for the sake of a price tag. He planned to put extra visible value in Briscoe instead of taking it out. Earl not only built

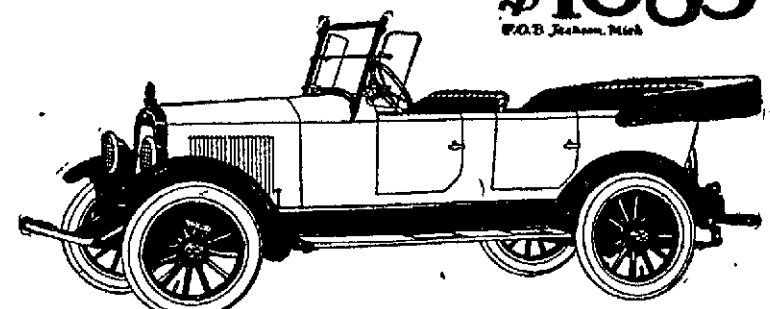
a better Briscoe at the reduced price of \$1085 but he added such necessary accessories as windshield wings, bumpers front and rear, motometer and running board mats.

The wisdom of Earl's decision is now motor car history. Since April first, 29 new distributors and 243 new Briscoe dealers have contracted to handle Briscoe. The interest of these veteran dealers in Briscoe is an endorsement the public will be quick to accept. Dealers are experts. They know automobiles. A dealer is known in his community by the car he sells. Quality dealers sell quality automobiles. The verdict of these distributors and dealers on Briscoe is the best proof of Briscoe's value, lasting quality and completeness.

Are you buying the value of today or the reputation of yesterday? At its reduced price of \$1085, L. A. B. Jackson, Briscoe is a better car than at any time in its history. Come in and let us show you this car of extra visible value. Compare it with other cars in its price class or anywhere near it. Realize for yourself why the eyes of the motor world are on Briscoe.

FLETCHER'S GARAGE Clearville, Penna.

New Price
\$1085



BRISCOE MOTOR CORPORATION Jackson, Michigan

The most completely equipped car in America in its price class

Bear Dream Not Alarming.

To dream you see a bear signifies you have a rich enemy, but not cunning. To be attacked by a bear denotes persecution, which you will overthrow when it seems most hopeless.

This Echo Sixty-Repeater.

A large room in the castle of Simona, near Milan, has a remarkable echo. A pistol shot is reverberated sixty times.

Lines to Be Remembered.

Write it on your heart that every day is the best day in the year. No man has ever learned anything right until he knows that every day is Doomsday.—R. W. Emerson.